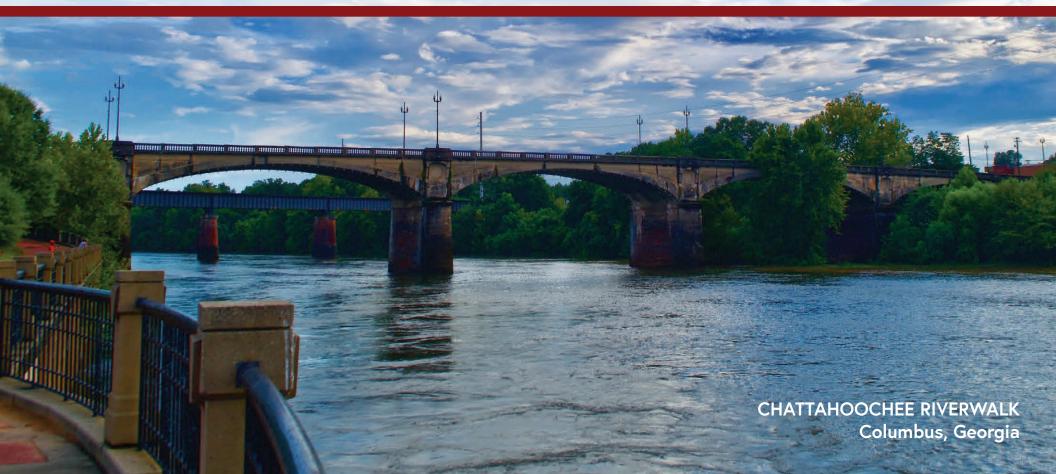
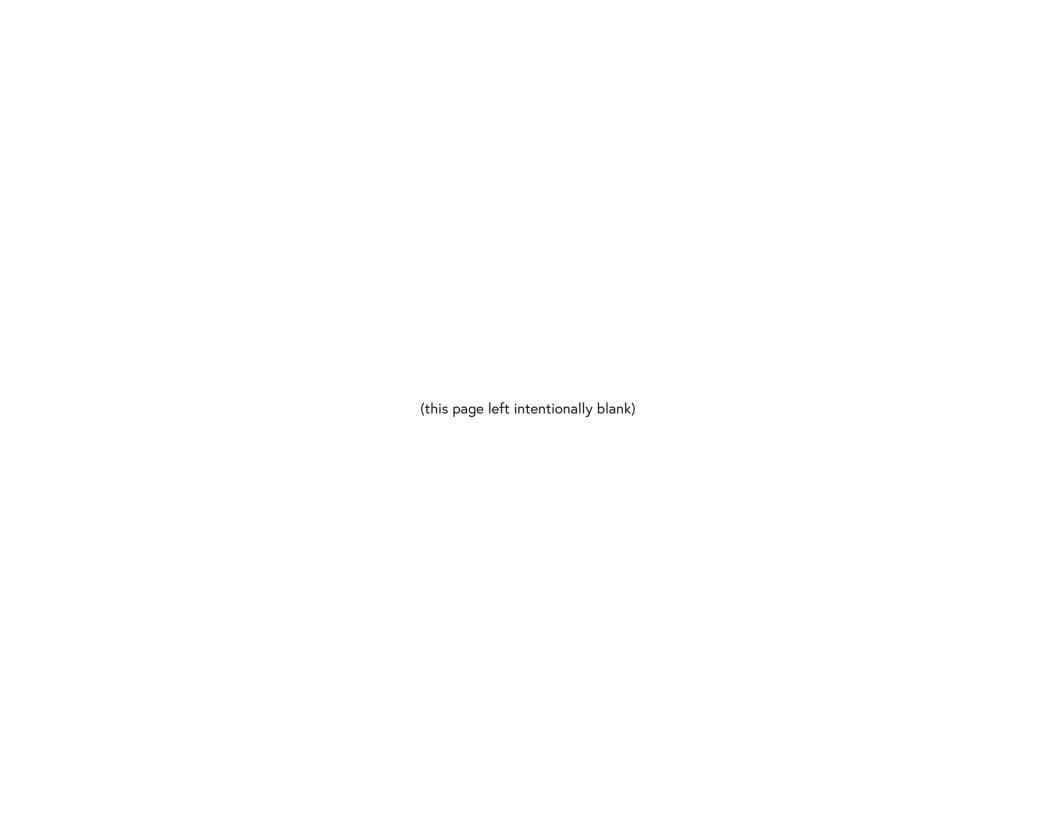
A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



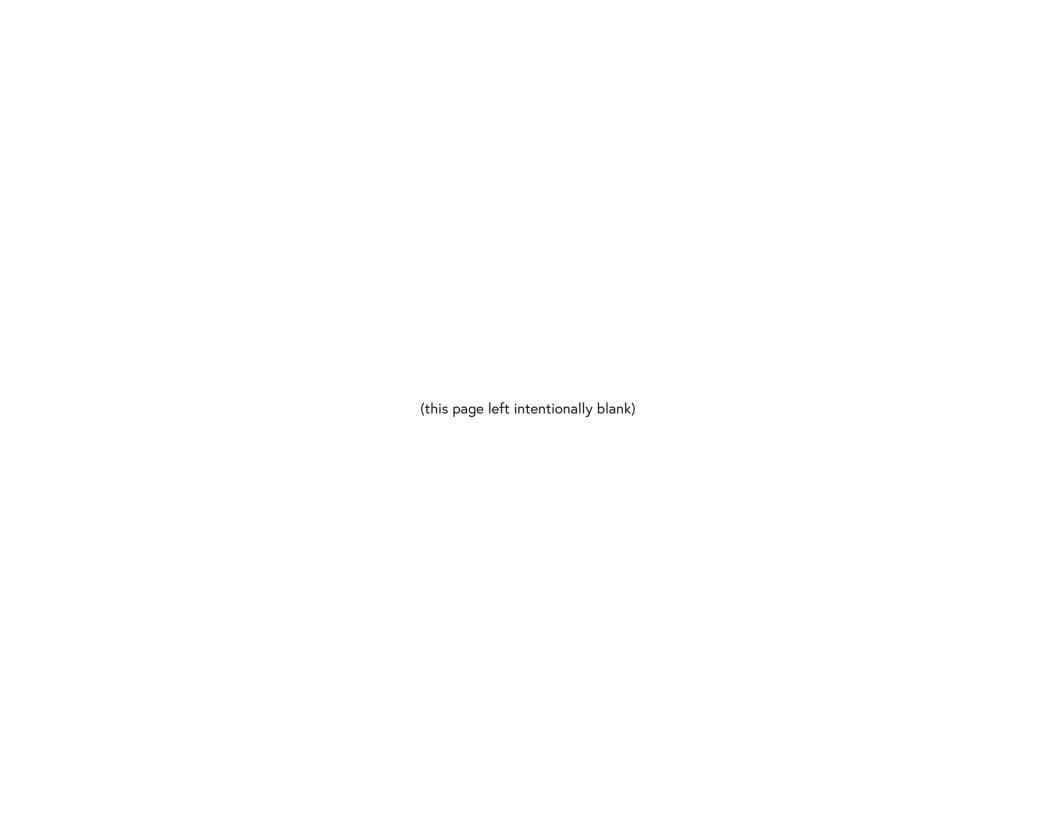


GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



Prepared By: Fiscal Services Division Kevin Clark, Executive Director



(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

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(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

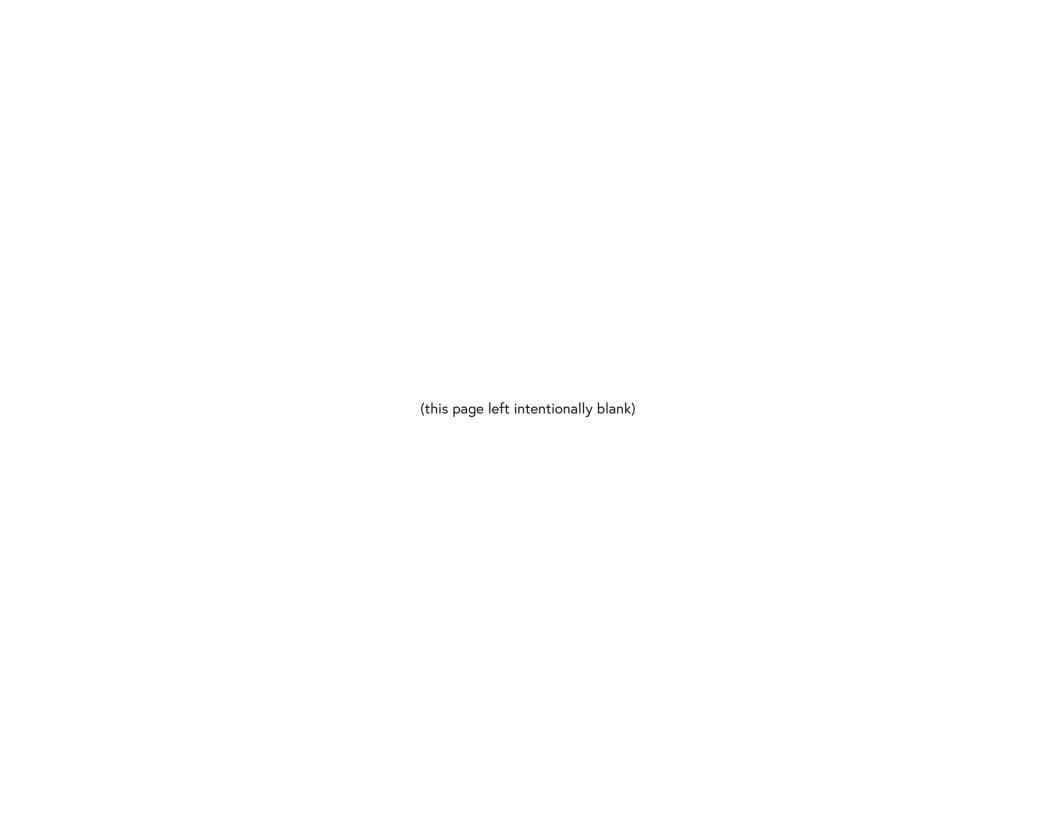
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Georgia Environmental Finance Authority

Brian P. Kemp Governor Kevin Clark
Executive Director



September 23, 2021

To the Honorable Members of the Board, our Executive Director, and Citizens of the State of Georgia:

We are pleased to present the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority's (the "Authority") Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (the "ACFR") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The financial statements included in this report conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are audited by a firm of licensed certified public accountants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The Fiscal Services Division prepared this report. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Authority's management. Management has established internal controls to ensure that the Authority fulfills its responsibility as custodian of public funds. The purpose of internal controls is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that Authority assets are safeguarded against loss through unauthorized use or disposition. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management.

The Authority's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin and Jenkins, Certified Public Accountants, LLC for the year. The goal of an independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance the financial statements of the Authority are free of material misstatement. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for issuing an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Authority's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Authority was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Single Audit section of the ACFR for the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority.



GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A contains a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority. The Authority's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report. This transmittal letter, which is designed to assist users in assessing the government's financial condition, should complement the MD&A and should be read from that perspective and in conjunction with all other sections of the Authority's ACFR.

PROFILE OF THE AUTHORITY

In 1983, the Governor and the Georgia General Assembly, acting on the 1982 recommendations of the Environmental Facilities Study Commission, created the Environmental Facilities Program and placed it in an existing agency called the Georgia Development Authority. The findings of the study commission identified the widening gap between local environmental infrastructure needs and the financial resources to pay for them. The Georgia General Assembly created the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority in 1986 and transferred all the environmental facilities program assets and functions from the Georgia Development Authority to the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority. In FY 2010, the Georgia General Assembly renamed the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority to the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority.

The Authority is a public corporation and an instrumentality of Georgia state government. There is an eleven-member board, eight appointed by the Governor and three who serve ex-officio. Three of the eight appointees are municipal officials, three are county officials and two are appointed from the state at large. The three ex-officio members are the Commissioner of the Georgia Department of Economic Development, the Commissioner of the Georgia Department of Community Affairs and the State Auditor.

The Authority is organized under the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (the "OCGA"), Title 50, Chapter 23 ("The Georgia Environmental Finance Authority Act"). The Authority's stated purpose is "to assist local governments in constructing, extending, rehabilitating, repairing and renewing environmental facilities, and to assist in the financing of such needs by providing grants, loans, bonds and other assistance to local governments" and eligible local authorities. Initially, the Authority was only authorized to make loans for water supply or wastewater treatment and related facilities. In 1989, legislation was passed that allowed the Authority to also make loans to fund solid waste management facilities.

In 2010, legislation was passed to allow the Authority to create a subsidiary organization for the purposes of carrying out certain powers of the Authority. As a result of this change, the Authority created the Georgia Environmental Loan Acquisition Corporation (the "Corporation"), a nonprofit organization, to purchase tax-exempt loans from the Authority through a loan securitization transaction. Proceeds from the sale, in conjunction with cash reserves, were used to remit funds back to the state treasury at the voluntary option of the Authority's board of directors. The Corporation is a component unit of the Authority and is discretely presented within the Authority's financial statements.

During the 2018 legislative session, the Georgia General Assembly passed House Bill 332 and House Resolution 238, establishing the Georgia Outdoor Stewardship Act. On November 6, 2018 Georgia voters passed the amendment with 83% support. This newly founded grant program provides a dedicated funding mechanism to support parks and trails and protect and acquire lands critical to wildlife, clean water, and outdoor recreation across the state of Georgia. The program became effective July 1, 2019. Per law, the Authority performs administrative and fiduciary roles for managing funds collected and disbursed on behalf of the program at the direction of the Georgia Department of Natural Resources, a partner state agency.

The Authority is comprised of two primary divisions: Water Resources (WRD) and Energy Resources (ERD). The divisions provide a wide range of services including loans, grants and subsidies to jurisdictions throughout the state for water supply and wastewater improvements, grants for energy conservation and household energy efficiency restorations, services for remediation of underground storage tanks, and grants or loans for conservation of land resources. Administrative divisions of the Authority also exist to support initiatives of these primary divisions.

OUTCOMES AND INITIATIVES

The WRD executed 106 contracts and modifications to existing grants and loans for water, sewer, land conservation and solid waste projects valued at over \$475 million during fiscal year 2021. These projects served 71 different communities. Furthermore, the Authority grew its customer base by serving three first-time customers during the year. It is projected these projects will provide financial savings of over \$54.2 million over time, typically a 20-year payback period, as well as have an environmental impact on approximately one million Georgians.

The ERD continued the exercise of existing programs: Charge Georgia, Solar for Schools, Georgia Solar, Building Operator Certification, and State Energy Code Update, as well as the Weatherization Assistance Program. Total assistance provided for these initiatives was approximately \$10.2 million. These programs help to achieve energy efficiency and increase awareness of energy efficient measures for businesses and consumers in Georgia.

For additional information regarding activities of the Authority, refer to the Statistical Section of this ACFR which provides specific outcomes of many of these program initiatives.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (the "GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Authority for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We anticipate this year's ACFR will also qualify for this distinguished award.

Acknowledgements. This report could not have been prepared without the support and encouragement of the Authority's management, staff and members of its board. We are very appreciative for their dedication to sound responsible financial operations. In addition, any financial report is only as good as the accounting and financial records that supply its supporting data. The Authority's fiscal services division deserves special recognition for their dedication, knowledge, perseverance and attention to detail. Lastly, we would like to give a special thanks to the division directors; the administrative team for its contributions in the preparation of the ACFR and to our independent auditors, Mauldin and Jenkins, Certified Public Accountants LLC, for their expertise, professionalism and dedication to ensure our audit was completed efficiently and timely.

Respectfully submitted,

Jammie Z. Harden, CGFM Director of Fiscal Services



Government Finance Officers Associations

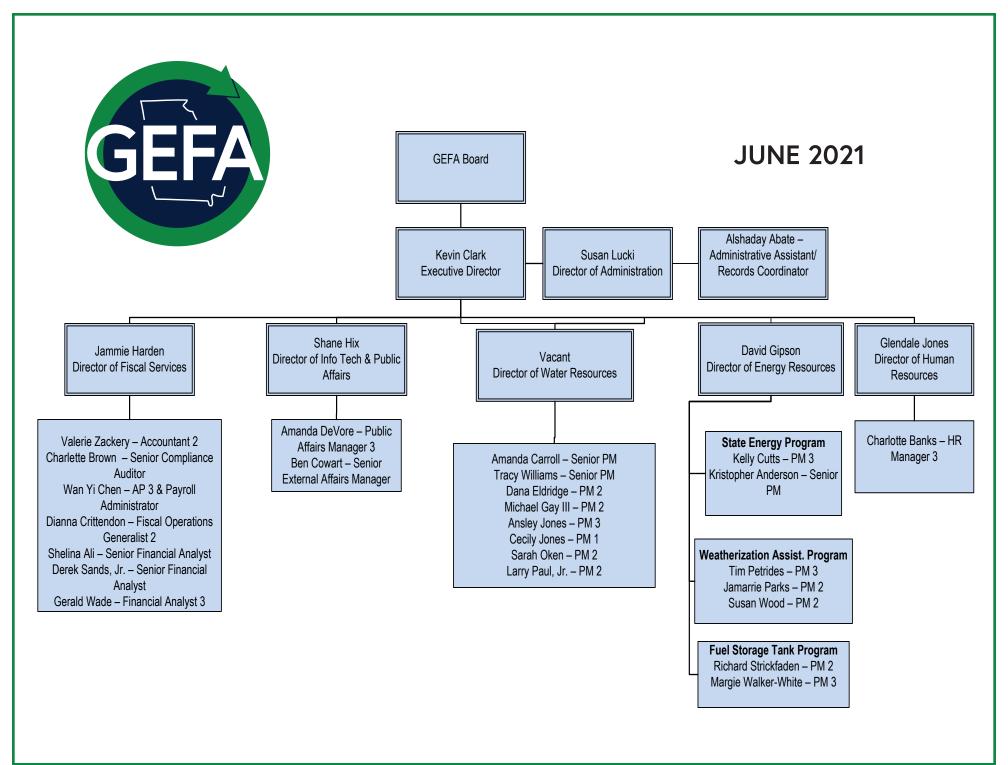
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Georgia Environmental Finance Authority

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Christophe P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO



(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND KEY AUTHORITY PERSONNEL

As of June 30, 2021

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Jimmy Andrews Chairman (City Member)

Scott Orenstein Vice Chairman (County Member)

Greg Griffin Secretary (Ex-Officio)

Mike Young City Member

Christopher Nunn
Pat Wilson
Ex-Officio Member
Ex-Officio Member
Ex-Officio Member
At-Large Member
At-Large Member
Eugene Cason
County Member

Ted Rumley County Member

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

Kevin Clark Executive Director

David Gipson Director of Energy Resources
Vacant Director of Water Resources

Jammie Harden Director of Fiscal Services

Shane Hix Director of Info Tech & Public Affairs

Glendale Jones Director of Human Resources
Susan Lucki Director of Administration

FISCAL SERVICES

Shelina Ali Senior Financial Analyst III
Charlette Brown Senior Compliance Auditor

Wan Yi Chen AP Accountant III & Payroll Administrator

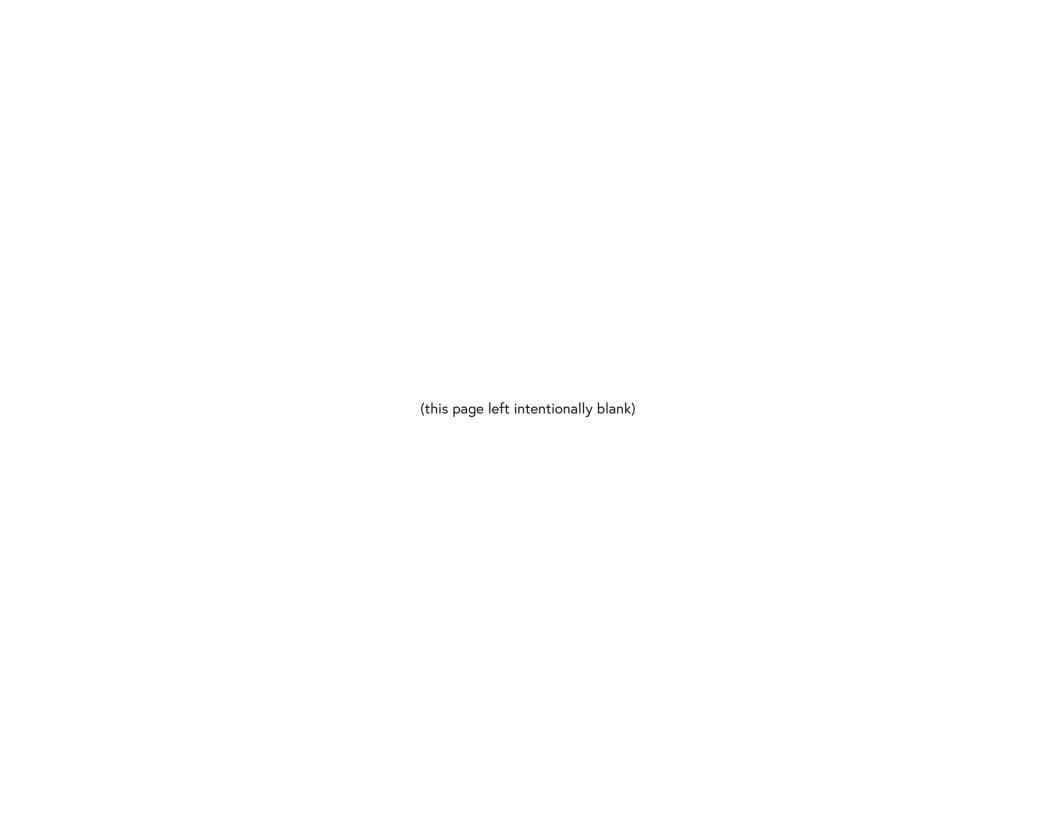
Dianna Crittendon Financial Operations Generalist 2

Derek Sands, Jr. Senior Financial Analyst
Gerald Wade Financial Analyst III

Valerie Zackery Accountant II









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Members of the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority Atlanta, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Georgia Environmental Finance Authority** (the "Authority"), a component unit of the State of Georgia, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the pension liability and contribution schedules, and the OPEB liability and contribution schedules on pages 4 through 18, 67 through 69, and 70 through 75, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The combining non-major fund financial statements; the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards;* and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining non-major fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining non-major fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2021 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia September 23, 2021

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

Management of the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (the "Authority") offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2021. This discussion and analysis examine in further detail the Authority's financial performance as a whole. Readers of this report are also encouraged to review the financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of business activities conducted by the Authority.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2021, include:

- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by approximately \$2.6 billion (net position). Of this amount, \$45 million was from governmental activities and \$2.55 billion was from businesstype activities.
- The Authority's total net position increased by \$74.5 million. The net position in governmental activities decreased by approximately \$1.35 million while the net position of business-type activities increased \$75.89 million, resulting in an overall \$11.69 million decrease from the increase experienced in 2020.
- Total governmental revenues decreased by \$1.4 million from 2020. The decreased revenue is mostly attributable to a decrease in operating grants and contributions because of decreased grant funding for program operations as well as a significant reduction in the rate of return on investments.
- Charges for services within business-type activities decreased by \$7.2 million. The decrease is primarily due to the Authority's decision to offer a six-month forbearance to its borrowers to provide financial relief for areas affected by the ongoing worldwide pandemic.
- Operating grants and contributions within business-type activities increased by approximately \$4.1 million. There was an increase in revenue of \$16.3 million for a newly authorized program administered by the Authority, offset by a significant decrease of \$13.8 million in investment income, as well as a \$1.5 million increase in grant funding for the Authority's water and wastewater programs.

The above financial highlights are explained further in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis section is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's financial statements contain three components: government-wide statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Authority's annual comprehensive financial report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements are intended to provide a broad overview of both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall financial position. Financial reporting at this level uses a financial perspective like that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first government-wide statement is the **Statement of Net Position**, which is the government-wide statement that presents information that includes all the Authority's assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority, as a whole, is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall fiscal health of the Authority would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as new or changes in legislation over which the Authority has no direct control, changes in levels of federal or state funding, or a change in management's programmatic focus, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the **Statement of Activities**, which reports how the Authority's net position changed during the reported fiscal period. All current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. One important purpose of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the Authority's distinct activities or functions on the revenues provided by the state of Georgia and federal grantors, as well as that on the revenue streams from repayment of loans from our ever-growing customer base.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the Authority that are principally supported by federal or state appropriated grants from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general administrative operations of the Authority and those costs incurred for expenditure-driven grant programs, such as those incurred by the Energy Resources Division as well as those costs associated with administering the federal state revolving loan programs. Business-type activities include all operations of the Authority's lending programs, as well as activities associated with its fuel storage tank maintenance program. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 19 and 20 of this report.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accounting unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Authority's most significant funds rather than the Authority as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all other (nonmajor) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

All the funds of the Authority can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and include the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is different with fund financial statements providing a varied view of the Authority's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of the spendable resources. They account for items using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the Authority's ability to commit spendable resources for near-term expenditures.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two outlooks may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term spending decisions. For this reason, reconciliation between the governmental activities (shown in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) and the governmental funds is provided at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

The Authority maintains ten (10) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Weatherization Assistance Program Fund, Clean Water SRF Administration Fund, Drinking Water SRF State Program Setasides, Drinking Water SRF Local Assistance Setasides Fund, the Drinking Water SRF Administration Fund, and the Appalachian Regional Commission Fund, which are considered major funds and are presented on pages 21-23 of this report. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report those activities for which the Authority charges its customers a fee for the use of its financial resources or technical expertise. The Authority's proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. These enterprise funds essentially are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows associated with these distinct programs.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

The Authority maintains eight (8) individual enterprise funds. Information is presented separately in the enterprise fund statement of net position and in the enterprise fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the Georgia Fund, Georgia Reservoir Fund, Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund, Clean Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund, Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund and the Georgia Outdoor Stewardship Program Fund, all of which are considered major funds of the Authority and are presented on pages 24-26 of this report. Individual fund data for the nonmajor enterprise fund is provided in the form of a combining statement elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information necessary for a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 27 of this report.

Supplementary information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying note disclosures, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Authority's funds. As mentioned previously, the Authority reports major funds in the basic financial statements. Combining and individual statements and schedules for nonmajor funds are presented in this section of this report beginning on page 78.

Government-wide Financial Analysis of the Authority

Year-to-year financial changes in net position trend information is accumulated on a consistent basis. This information trend will be observed, analyzed, and used to discuss the financial position of the Authority as a whole. Net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of the Authority's financial position. Net position of the Authority was approximately \$2.6 billion at year-end, increasing by 3 percent, .5 percent less than last year's increase. A major contributing factor to changes in the net position at year-end is that there was decreased revenue within its business-type activities for programs managed. The following table presents a summary of the Authority's net position:

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

GEFA Net Position

	_	Primary Government						Increase
		Governmental activities		Business-type activities		To	(Decrease)	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	%
Current and other assets	\$	53,660,958	55,959,362	2,552,647,568	2,476,142,649	2,606,308,526	2,532,102,011	2.9%
Capital assets		70,760	132,977	_	_	70,760	132,977	(46.8%)
Total assets		53,731,718	56,092,339	2,552,647,568	2,476,142,649	2,606,379,286	2,532,234,988	2.9%
Deferred Outflows of resources		946,508	1,025,881	_	_	946,508	1,025,881	(7.7%)
Long-term liabilities outstanding		5,490,730	5,528,328	_	_	5,490,730	5,528,328	(0.7%)
Other liabilities		2,857,929	3,072,943	2,563,950	1,953,705	5,421,879	5,026,648	7.9%
Total liabilities		8,348,659	8,601,271	2,563,950	1,953,705	10,912,609	10,554,976	3.4%
Deferred Inflows of resources		1,295,082	2,135,839	_	_	1,295,082	2,135,839	(39.4%)
Net position:								
Investment in capital assets		70,760	132,977	_	_	70,760	132,977	(46.8%)
Restricted		38,048,328	40,142,232	1,956,581,173	1,882,645,322	1,994,629,501	1,922,787,554	3.7%
Unrestricted		6,915,397	6,105,901	593,502,445	591,543,622	600,417,842	597,649,523	0.5%
Total net position	\$	45,034,485	46,381,110	2,550,083,618	2,474,188,944	2,595,118,103	2,520,570,054	3.0%

The Authority's investment in capital assets comprises purchases made for securing computer equipment and furniture and fixtures. The Authority made no purchases for capital assets during 2021. However, \$62 thousand in depreciation expense was incurred reducing the Authority's investment in capital assets. This depreciation resulted in a 46.8 percent decrease in book value. Thus, the Authority's investment in capital assets of approximately \$71 thousand at fiscal year year-end is not available for future spending.

There was a decrease in restricted net position of the Authority's governmental activites of approximately \$2.1 million primarily due to transfers out of funds to cover federally required match to loan programs.

There was an increase in restricted net position of the Authority's business-type activities of approximately \$73.9 million, a decrease of approximately \$5.7 million from the prior year's increase of \$79.6 million, which was primarily held for the use of the Authority's federal loan programs.

In addition, unrestricted net position increased for the Authority as follows:

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

- Unrestricted net position for governmental activities increased by \$809 thousand.
- Unrestricted net position for business-type activities increased by \$1.9 million.

The following table provides a summary of the changes in net position, with comparative data for the current and prior fiscal years:

GEFA
Changes in Net Position

		Primary	Government			Increase		
	Governmental activities		Business-type activities		-	(Decrease)		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	%	
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 4,370,649	1,667,208	20,953,642	28,187,827	25,324,291	29,855,035	(15.2%)	
Operating grants and contributions	27,129,399	30,438,740	66,571,373	62,477,270	93,700,772	92,916,010	0.8%	
General revenues:								
Unrestricted investment earnings	71,435	799,364	_	_	71,435	799,364	(91.1%)	
Other income	14,749	122,270	-	350	14,749	122,620	(88.0%)	
Total revenues	31,586,232	33,027,582	87,525,015	90,665,447	119,111,247	123,693,029	(3.7%)	
Expenses (net of indirect costs):								
General government	5,305,547	5,210,778	_	_	5,305,547	5,210,778	1.8%	
Water & wastewater	11,042,170	12,442,827	12,544,218	10,782,265	23,586,388	23,225,092	1.6%	
Outdoor stewardship & land conservation	-	-	4,328,655	857	4,328,655	857	504,993.9%	
Energy & environment	10,207,792	8,166,627	_	_	10,207,792	8,166,627	25.0%	
Storage tank maintenance	_	_	904,241	732,388	904,241	732,388	23.5%	
General & administrative			230,575	123,799	230,575	123,799	86.2%	
Total expenses	26,555,509	25,820,232	18,007,689	11,639,309	44,563,198	37,459,541	19.0%	
Increase in net position before transfers	5,030,723	7,207,350	69,517,326	79,026,138	74,548,049	86,233,488	(13.6%)	
Transfers	(6,377,348)	(8,084,653)	6,377,348	8,084,653				
Increase (decrease) in net position	(1,346,625)	(877,303)	75,894,674	87,110,791	74,548,049	86,233,488	(13.6%)	
Net position - July 1	46,381,110	47,258,413	2,474,188,944	2,387,078,153	2,520,570,054	2,434,336,566	3.5%	
Net position - June 30	\$ 45,034,485	46,381,110	2,550,083,618	2,474,188,944	2,595,118,103	2,520,570,054	3.0%	

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

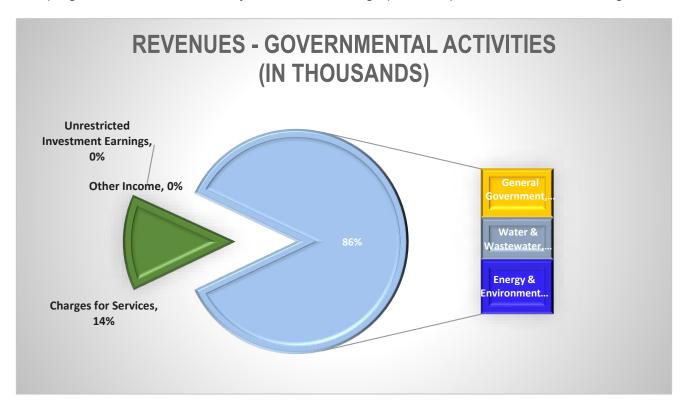
Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

Governmental Revenues

Charges for services within governmental activities increased by approximately 162 percent, approximately \$2.7 million. These charges are for administrative fees retained outside of loan programs and are earned based on the value of loans executed during the fiscal year. The value of loans executed during 2021 increased from the value of loans executed in 2020 by over \$301 million causing a significant increase in revenue from administrative fees.

Operating grants and contributions of the Authority decreased by \$3.3 million. The majority of this decrease was experienced within the match held for transfer to federal programs, which decreased by \$4.4 million. The graph below provides an illustration of governmental funds revenues:



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Management's Discussion and Analysis

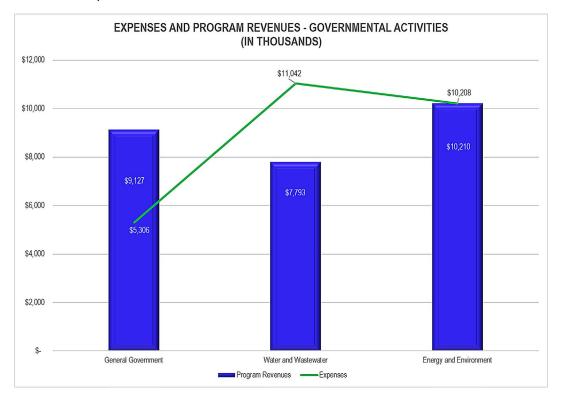
(Unaudited)

Unrestricted investment earnings of \$71 thousand within governmental activities were reported during the year, down from \$799.3 thousand in 2020. Decreases in investment income within governmental activities are due to fluctuations in interest rates or because of decreasing balances held at state treasury during 2020 and a result of ongoing market instability due to the pandemic.

Governmental Functional Expenses

Expenses within the general government function increased by nearly \$94.8 thousand, remaining relatively stable.

An illustration of governmental functional expenses is below:



(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

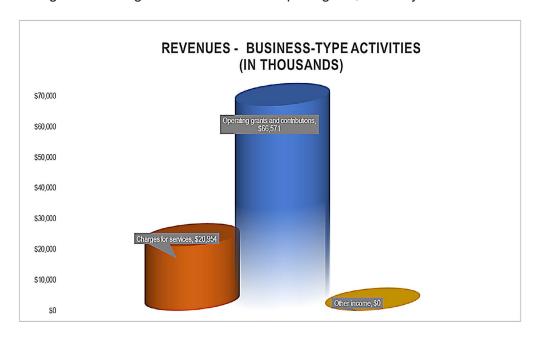
Additionally, there was a decrease in the water and wastewater program function expenses of governmental activities of \$1.4 million. The decrease is attributable to reduced charges in the Authority's three Drinking Water SRF Setaside programs.

The energy and environment function had an increase in expenses of approximately \$2 million. The increase was within the Weatherization Assistance Programs due to more grant program activity during the year and increased funding provided by grantors.

Business-type Activities: Revenues vs Expenses

Revenues

Total revenues for the business-type activities for the Authority for the current fiscal year were approximately \$87.5 million, decreasing by \$3.1 million. Revenues within charges for services declined by \$7.2 million having a continued decrease as last year's \$1.9 million decline and for the same reason. The decrease is mostly due to a decision to suspend collection of loan repayments because of the pandemic. Interest on loans receivable decreased by \$7.2 million. There was an increase in operating grants and contributions revenue of over \$4 million mostly stemming from the highlighted increase in funding to the Georgia Outdoor Stewardship Program, offset by the decrease in revenues for investment income.



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Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

Expenses

Expenses within the Authority's business-type activites increased by approximately \$6.4 million during the current fiscal year within water and wastewater programs. The Georgia Outdoor Stewardship Program contributed to the bulk of the increase, increasing by \$4.3 million. In addition, there were incremental increases in the amount of principal forgiveness provided on loans because of volume and amount of loan projects currently being managed.

Outdoor stewardship and land conservation had a significant increase as the application cycle was completed in the prior year and projects began to receive funding in 2021. The program had an increase of \$4.3 million.

The storage tank maintenance program expenses experienced an increase of appromixately \$172 thousand. The increase is mostly attributable to rising costs of construction and service fees that have been experienced with all of the Authroity's construction programs.

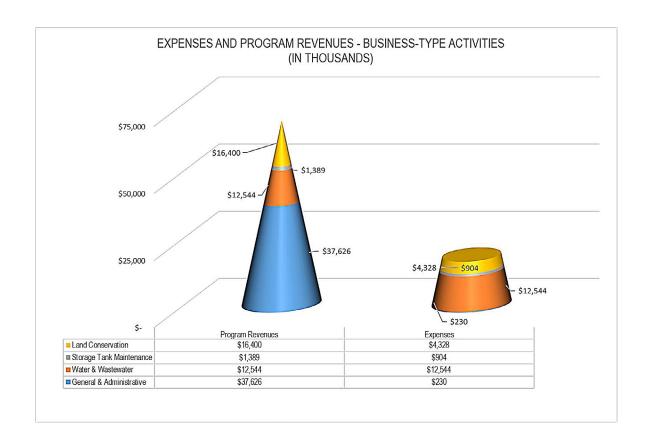
General and administrative services reflect those expenses incurred by the Authority to execute its business-type activities. These expenses increased by 86 percent from those of the prior year, up by approximately \$106.8 thousand substantially due to increased contractual services within the Georgia Fund.

The above details are illustrated in the following graph:

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)



Financial Analysis of the Authority's Funds

Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the focus of the Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing reserves available at the end of the year in comparison to upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of approximately \$50.5 million in fiscal year 2020, compared to approximately \$52.6 million

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

in fiscal year 2020. Of these year-end totals, \$12.4 million for fiscal year 2021 was unassigned and available for continued financing by the Authority.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show a decrease of \$2.1 million, compared to the decrease experienced in fiscal year 2020 of \$1.5 million. This change is primarily due to increases in transfers of match funds to federal programs.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the Authority's primary operating fund and the source of daily administrative operations. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by approximately \$5.3 million in fiscal year 2021 as compared to the approximate \$787 thousand decrease from the previous year. The portion of fund balance obligated in the General Fund at year-end was \$5.4 million, nearly mirroring the amount of the decline. The decrease can be attributed to increased activity levels in match-related expenditures for the federal loan programs.

The General Fund's ending unassigned portion of fund balance was \$12.4 million. The Authority's year-round cash flow within the General Fund is generally consistent with increased activity occurring at each quarter's end. The Authority relies very little on the unassigned portion of fund balance because administrative expenditures of the Authority are satisfied by either direct grants or contracts from federal and state sources or transfers from repayments streams of other funds that could statutorily satisfy administrative costs of the Authority. The Clean Water State Revolving Administration Fund, Drinking Water State Revolving Administrative Fund and the Georgia Fund are the Authority's resources to cover administrative expenditures incurred within certain programs which are not directly funded by a dedicated revenue source, financing contract or grant. In addition, based on guidance from the programs, the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and Drinking Water State Revolving Funds may pay for administrative costs of the Authority for purposes that support their respective programs.

The Weatherization Assistance Program Fund serves as a special revenue fund to provide federal grant funds to nonprofit organizations throughout the state of Georgia in an effort to assist low income households achieve energy efficiencies in their homes. Revenues and expenditures typically net to zero as the funding is expenditure-driven and thus little fund balance had been reported for previous fiscal years. Total expenditures reported within this fund were \$9.7 million. At the end of the fiscal year, \$12.5 thousand remained as fund balance for future supplemental expenditures for the program.

The Clean Water State Revolving Administration Fund is a special revenue fund to report operations for revenues received for the ongoing administrative efforts of the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund. These funds are used to support general operations of the Authority and are received primarily from loan receipients, rather than a direct contribution from federal or state governments. Another source of income within this fund is income received from investments. The reported fund balance within this fund was approximately \$25 million and is restricted for use.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

Total expenditures for this fund were \$357.2 thousand. To finance general administrative costs and support loan activity, approximately \$365.5 thousand was transferred to the General Fund to cover charges of the Authority associated with its federal Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund program.

The Drinking Water SRF State Program Setasides Fund serves as a special revenue fund for programs providing federal grant funds for state's operations for oversight provided to various drinking water projects. The Authority reported \$2 million in expenditure-driven grant funds, for which revenue and expenditure activity typically nets to zero, and therefore no fund balance has been reported for fiscal year 2021.

The Drinking Water SRF Local Assistance Setasides Fund serves as a special revenue fund for programs providing federal grant funds for various drinking water projects for the state's local assistance to various private and public contractors. The Authority reported approximately \$3.3 million in expenditure-driven grant funds, for which revenue and expenditure activity typically nets to zero, and therefore no fund balance has been reported for fiscal year 2021.

The Drinking Water State Revolving Administration Fund is a special revenue fund to report operations for revenues received for the ongoing administrative efforts of the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund. These funds are used to support general operations of the Authority and are received primarily from loan receipients, rather than a direct contribution from federal or state governments. Another source of income within this fund is income received from investments. The reported fund balance within this fund was \$4.9 million and is restricted for use. Total expenditures for this fund were approximately \$308.8 thousand. To finance general administrative costs and support loan activity about \$111.1 thousand was transferred to the General Fund to cover charges of the Authority associated with its federal Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund program.

The Appalachian Regional Commission Fund serves as a special revenue fund for programs providing federal grant funds for various infrastructure projects within the Appalachian Region of Georgia. The Authority reported approximately \$2.2 million in expenditure-driven grant funds, for which revenue and expenditure activity typically nets to zero, and therefore no fund balance has been reported for fiscal year 2021.

The Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds' statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. Each of the fund statements gives detailed information about the fund's financial condition. The viability of the Authority's loan and fuel storage tank maintenance programs is evident by this year-end's changes in net position detailed below.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

The Authority's proprietary funds report the activities of the loan, fuel storage tank maintenance, and outdoor stewardship programs. The net position of the proprietary funds increased approximately \$75.9 million from business operations. The total interest income from loans for proprietary funds with a lending component for 2021 was approximately \$19.6 million, a 27 percent decrease from the previous year. The decrease is mostly attributed to the six-month forbearance period provided borrowers as previously mentioned.

The fuel storage tank maintenance program had total revenues of approximately \$1.1 million primarily from fees charged customers for the maintenance of state-owned equipment.

The outdoor stewardship program had total revenues of approximately \$16.4 million mostly from state appropriation intergovernental transfers from a partner agency.

Net position of the Authority's proprietary funds for federal programs are restricted for their respective purposes and are recycled into resources available to fund their core missions. Net position of the Authority's proprietary funds for state programs are typically unrestricted and can be used for the purposes they are held for, as authorized through current legislation, and recycled into resources available to fund their core missions. However, because the Authority serves in a fiduciary role for the funds received for the state's outdoor stewardship program that is legislatively assigned to the Georgia Department of Natural Resources, but provides financial oversight responsibilities to the Authority, the net position of this fund is restricted.

Budgetary Information

The Authority does not have a budget directly approved by citizens of the State of Georgia. Instead, its appropriation is included in the State of Georgia's budget as a line-item request within the Georgia Department of Community Affairs budget under the Authority's enabling legislation. Regardless, the Authority's management does utilize a budget across all funds and programs for financial analysis purposes throughout the year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 amounts to approximately \$71 thousand (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes equipment, furniture and fixtures. As of the close of the fiscal year, the Authority had no investment in capital assets of business-type activities because those activities are dedicated to the financing of loan and certain grant or subsidized projects and hold no depreciable assets. Additional information regarding the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 7, page 47.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2021, as demonstrated in the table below, the Authority had a total of \$5.5 million in outstanding long-term liabilities, a decrease of approximately \$38 thousand. Of this amount, approximately \$137 thousand is due within one year.

GEFA
Long-term Debt Obligations

	Balance at			
	June 30,	Percentage		Due Within
Governmental Activities	 2021	of Total		One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 548,048	10%	\$	137,012
Net OPEB liability	827,156	15%		_
Net pension liability	 4,115,526	75%	_	_
Governmental long-term liabilities	\$ 5,490,730		\$	137,012

Additional information regarding the Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note 5, pages 44-45 and Note 8, pages 47-54.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Authority's commitment to public accountability to all parties with an interest in its financial activities. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Georgia Environmental Finance Authority, Director, Fiscal Services Division, 233 Peachtree Street, NE, Harris Tower, Suite 900, Atlanta, Georgia 30303-1506.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

		Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type		Ga. Environ.
	activities	activities	Total	Loan Acq. Corp.
Assets				
Cash \$	166,392	2,765,034	2,931,426	1,000
Investments	44,433,310	1,049,475,524	1,093,908,834	59,378,045
Due from other governments	4,923,614	2,399,869	7,323,483	_
Internal balances	3,817,150	(3,817,150)	_	_
Accrued interest receivable	_	5,199,104	5,199,104	87,115
Loans receivable	 .	1,496,625,187	1,496,625,187	22,570,185
Net OPEB asset	320,492	_	320,492	_
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	70,760		70,760	
•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total assets	53,731,718	2,552,647,568	2,606,379,286	82,036,345
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Related to other postemployment benefits	230,252	_	230,252	_
Related to pensions	716,256		716,256	
Total deferred outflows of resources	946,508		946,508	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,857,929	1,475,413	4,333,342	9,000
Due to other governments	_	3,074	3,074	_
Retainage payable	_	1,085,463	1,085,463	_
Compensated absences, current	137,012	_	137,012	_
Long-term liabilities:				
Compensated absences, net of current portion	411,036	_	411,036	_
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	827,156 4,115,526	_	827,156 4,115,526	_
Net pension hability	4,115,526		4,115,520	
Total liabilities	8,348,659	2,563,950	10,912,609	9,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Related to other postemployment benefits	1,167,540	_	1,167,540	_
Related to pensions	127,542		127,542	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,295,082		1,295,082	
Net Position				
Investment in capital assets	70,760	_	70,760	_
Restricted for:				
Debt service	_	_	_	_
Grant programs	3,000,254	4 050 504 472	3,000,254	_
Loan programs	35,048,074	1,956,581,173	1,991,629,247	92 027 245
Unrestricted	6,915,397	593,502,445	600,417,842	82,027,345
Total net position \$	45,034,485	2,550,083,618	2,595,118,103	82,027,345

GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2021

				Program revenues			Net (expense) revenue and changes in net position			
Functions/Programs:		Expenses	Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions		nmental vities	Business-type activities	Total	Component Unit
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	5,305,547	_	9,126,969	_	3,8	321,422	_	3,821,422	
Water & wastewater		11,042,170	4,370,649	7,792,580	_	1,	121,059	_	1,121,059	
Energy & environment	_	10,207,792		10,209,850			2,058		2,058	
Total governmental activities	_	26,555,509	4,370,649	27,129,399		4,9	944,539		4,944,539	
Business-type activities:										
Water & wastewater		12,544,218	_	12,544,218	_		_	_	_	
Storage tank maintenance		904,241	1,074,150	1,389	_		_	171,298	171,298	
Outdoor stewardship & land conservation		4,328,655	_	16,399,960	_		_	12,071,305	12,071,305	
General & administrative		230,575	19,879,492	37,625,806	_		_	57,274,723	57,274,723	
Total business-type activities		18,007,689	20,953,642	66,571,373				69,517,326	69,517,326	
Total primary government	\$	44,563,198	25,324,291	93,700,772		4,9	944,539	69,517,326	74,461,865	
Component Unit:										
Georgia Environmental Loan Acquisition Corporation	\$	31,905	756,273	107,608	_					831,976
Total Component Units	\$	31,905	756,273	107,608						
General revenues:										
Unrestricted investment earnings						\$	71,435	_	71,435	_
Miscellaneous							14,749	_	14,749	142
Transfers						(6,3	377,348)	6,377,348		
Total general revenues and transfers						(6,2	291,164)	6,377,348	86,184	832,118
Change in net position						\$(1,3	346,625)	75,894,674	74,548,049	832,118
Net position – July 1						46,3	381,110	2,474,188,944	2,520,570,054	81,195,227
Net position – June 30						\$ 45,0	34,485	2,550,083,618	2,595,118,103	82,027,345

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

Assets		General	Weatherization Assistance Program	Clean Water SRF Administration	Drinking Water SRF State Program Setasides	Drinking Water SRF Local Assist Setasides	Drinking Water SRF Administration	Appalachian Regional Commission	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash Investments Due from other governments Due from other funds	\$	140,624 12,176,128 632,888 6,122,624	10 — 1,686,708 —	6 24,737,024 635,860 —	16 — 630,771 —	9 — 1,069,575 —	25,587 4,972,026 126,499 —		140 2,548,132 112,350 191,532	166,392 44,433,310 4,923,614 6,314,156
Total assets	\$	19,072,264	1,686,718	25,372,890	630,787	1,069,584	5,124,112	28,963	2,852,154	55,837,472
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	862,342 337,222	946,825 727,383	10,625 389,678	337,554 293,233	473,463 596,121	89,602 111,087	28,963 	108,555 42,282	2,857,929 2,497,006
Total liabilities	-	1,199,564	1,674,208	400,303	630,787	1,069,584	200,689	28,963	150,837	5,354,935
Fund balances: Restricted for grant programs Restricted for loan programs Unassigned		286,427 5,152,064 12,434,209	12,510 — —			<u></u>	4,923,423 		2,701,317 — —	3,000,254 35,048,074 12,434,209
Total fund balances	-	17,872,700	12,510	24,972,587			4,923,423		2,701,317	50,482,537
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	19,072,264	1,686,718	25,372,890	630,787	1,069,584	5,124,112	28,963	2,852,154	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	n the	statement of ne	t assets are different bec	ause:						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	n, us	ed in governme	ntal activities are not fina	ancial resources and, the	erefore, are not reported in tgov	vernmental funds.				70,760
Deferred outflows of resources used as contri	butio	ns related to oth	er postemployment ben	efits are not reported in	governmental funds					230,252
Deferred outflows of resources used as contri	butio	ns related to per	nsions are not reported i	n governmental funds						716,256
Deferred inflows of resources used to accumu	ılate	other postemplo	yment benefits valuation	n changes are not report	ed in governmental funds					(1,167,540)
Deferred inflows of resources used to accumu	ılate ı	ension valuatio	n changes are not repor	ted in governmental fun	ds					(127,542)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable Net OPEB asset Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	in the	current period	and, therefore, are not re	eported in governmental	funds:					320,492 (548,048) (827,156) (4,115,526)
Net position of governmental a	activit	ies							:	\$ 45,034,485

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2021

								Total	
								Nonmajor	Total
		Weatherization	Clean Water	Drinking Water SRF	Drinking Water SRF	Drinking Water	Appalachian	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Assistance Program	SRF Administration	State Program Setasides	Local Assist Setasides	SRF Administration	Regional Commission	Funds	Funds
Revenues:									
State appropriations \$	1,679,922	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,679,922
State general obligation bond proceeds	5,100,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,100,000
Administrative fees	76,576	-	2,666,897	 .	 .	1,627,176			4,370,649
Grant revenues	2,347,047	9,730,585		2,003,094	3,303,068		2,191,068	771,442	20,346,304
Interest income on investments	22,757	_	43,891	_	_	4,787	_	3,173	74,608
Miscellaneous	14,749								14,749
Total revenues	9,241,050	9,730,585	2,710,788	2,003,094	3,303,068	1,631,963	2,191,068	774,615	31,586,232
Expenditures: Current:									
General government	6,052,826	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,052,826
Water and wastewater programs	2,583,495	_	357,292	2,003,094	3,303,068	308,803	2,191,068	295,350	11,042,170
Energy programs		9,730,585						477,207	10,207,792
Total expenditures	8,636,321	9,730,585	357,292	2,003,094	3,303,068	308,803	2,191,068	772,557	27,302,788
Excess of revenues over									
expenditures	604,730		2,353,496			1,323,160		2,058	4,283,444
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in	4,876,879	_	97	_	_	_	_	_	4,876,976
Transfers out	(10,765,918)		(369,971)			(118,435)			(11,254,324)
Total other financing sources									
and uses	(5,889,039)		(369,874)			(118,435)			(6,377,348)
Net change in fund balances	(5,284,309)	_	1,983,622	_	_	1,204,725	_	2,058	(2,093,904)
Fund balances – July 1	23,157,009	12,510	22,988,965			3,718,698		2,699,259	52,576,441
Fund balances – June 30 \$	17,872,700	12,510	24,972,587			4,923,423		2,701,317	50,482,537

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	
--	--

\$ (2,093,904)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Depreciation Expense

(62,217)

Expenses related to the change in accrued vacation reported in the governmental activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures for governmental funds.

(84,209)

Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:

Changes in the other postemployment benefits liability and related amounts Changes in the net pension liability and related amounts 734,690 159,015

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ <u>(1,346,625)</u>

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Statement of Net Position Enterprise Funds June 30, 2021

Assets	Georgia Fund	Georgia Reservoir Fund	Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	Clean Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund	Drinking Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	Georgia Outdoor Stewardship Program	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total
Current assets:									
Cash \$	97,766	8	1,404,734	1,192,117	11	18,457	_	51,941	2,765,034
Investments	197,425,164	5,967,538	470,547,408	168,094,055	127,655,862	64,899,170	14,083,857	802,470	1,049,475,524
Due from other governments	32,325	1,089,690	696,272	_	77,283	_	496,873	7,426	2,399,869
Due from other funds	750	_	2,459	328,650	589	5,524	_	_	337,972
Accrued interest receivable	1,973,573	1,384,416	1,371,202	164,650	255,132	50,131			5,199,104
Total current assets	199,529,578	8,441,652	474,022,075	169,779,472	127,988,877	64,973,282	14,580,730	861,837	1,060,177,503
Noncurrent assets:									
Loans receivable	299,537,867	89,177,543	774,937,048	77,626,661	213,082,057	42,264,011			1,496,625,187
Total noncurrent assets	299,537,867	89,177,543	774,937,048	77,626,661	213,082,057	42,264,011			1,496,625,187
Total assets	499,067,445	97,619,195	1,248,959,123	247,406,133	341,070,934	107,237,293	14,580,730	861,837	2,556,802,690
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	14,603	_	292,789	_	299,871	_	768,128	100,022	1,475,413
Due to other funds	2,770,294	3,605	242,836	_	1,069,416	_	_	68,971	4,155,122
Retainage payable	_	1,085,463	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,085,463
Due to other governments								3,074	3,074
Total liabilities	2,784,897	1,089,068	535,625		1,369,287		768,128	172,067	6,719,072
Net Position									
Restricted	_	_	1,248,423,498	247,406,133	339,701,647	107,237,293	13,812,602	_	1,956,581,173
Unrestricted	496,282,548	96,530,127						689,770	593,502,445
Total net position \$	496,282,548	96,530,127	1,248,423,498	247,406,133	339,701,647	107,237,293	13,812,602	689,770	2,550,083,618

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Enterprise Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year ended June 30, 2021

Part		0	Georgia	Clean Water State	Clean Water State Match	Drinking Water State	Drinking Water State Match	Georgia Outdoor	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise
Charges for services – interest income on loans receivable \$ 4,472,501 875,199 10,660,488 1,236,926 1,972,474 413,424 — — 19,630,982 Administrative and prevenutative and internative and inte		Georgia Fund	Reservoir Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Stewardship Program	Funas	<u> Funas</u>
State contract revenues	Charges for services – interest income on loans receivable		875,199	10,660,458	1,236,926	1,972,474	413,424	_		
Total operating revenue 4,721,011 3,307,011 10,660,458 1,236,926 1,972,474 413,424 16,399,960 1,074,150 39,785,414 Operating Expenses: Water and wastewater programs 680,220 2,431,812 4,566,571 — 4,865,615 — — — — — — — — — 904,241 904,241 Outdoor stewardship and land conservation — — — — — — — — — — — — — 4,328,655 — 4,328,655 General and administrative 206,525 2,772 1,488 10,558 1,856 3,167 3,731 448 230,575 Total operating expenses 886,745 2,434,584 4,566,039 10,558 4,867,471 3,167 4,322,866 904,739 18,007,689 Operating income (loss) 3,834,266 872,427 6,092,419 1,226,368 (2,894,997) 410,257 12,067,574 169,411 21,777,725 Nonoperating Revenues: Federal grant contributions — — — — 27,565,272 — — 18,108,681 — — — — — 45,673,953 11,692,694 13,89 2,065,648 Total nonoperating revenue 387,406 7,637 28,491,642 330,445 12,725,585 132,802 9,064 1,389 2,065,648 Total nonoperating revenue 3387,406 7,637 28,491,642 330,445 18,379,16 132,802 9,064 1,389 47,739,502 17,616,613 15,484,219 543,059 12,067,638 170,800 69,517,326 17,616,619 11,616,61	State contract revenues	248,510 — —	2,431,812 —	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ 	_ _ _			18,760,003
Water and wastewater programs 680,220 2,431,812 4,566,571 — 4,865,615 — — — 12,544,218 Storage tank maintenance programs — — — — — — — — 904,241		4,721,011	3,307,011	10,660,458	1,236,926	1,972,474	413,424		1,074,150	
Storage tank maintenance programs — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Operating Expenses:									
Outdoor stewardship and land conservation General and administrative — — — — 4,328,655 — 4,232,655	. 9	680,220		4,566,571	-	4,865,615	_	-	_	
General and administrative 206,525 2,772 1,468 10,558 1,856 3,167 3,731 498 230,575 Total operating expenses 886,745 2,434,584 4,568,039 10,558 4,867,471 3,167 4,332,386 904,739 18,007,689 Operating income (loss) 3,834,266 872,427 6,092,419 1,226,368 (2,894,997) 410,257 12,067,574 169,411 21,777,725 Nonoperating Revenues: Federal grant contributions — — — 45,673,953 Interest income on investments 387,406 7,637 28,691,642 330,445 270,555 132,802 9,064 1,389 4,7039,601 Income before transfers evenue 387,406 7,637 28,491,642 330,445 18,379,216 132,802 9,064 1,389 47,739,601 Income before transfers 4,221,672 880,064 34,584,061 1,556,813 15,484,219 543,059 12,076,638 170,800 69,517,326 Transfers out (2,901,553) —	, ,	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Total operating expenses 886,745 2,434,584 4,568,039 10,558 4,867,471 3,167 4,332,386 904,739 18,007,689 Operating income (loss) 3,834,266 872,427 6,092,419 1,226,368 (2,894,997) 410,257 12,067,574 169,411 21,777,725 Nonoperating Revenues: Federal grant contributions		-		_	-	4.050	_			
Operating income (loss) 3,834,266 872,427 6,092,419 1,226,368 (2,894,997) 410,257 12,067,574 169,411 21,777,725 Nonoperating Revenues: Federal grant contributions -	General and administrative	206,525	2,112	1,468		1,856	3,167	3,/31	498	230,575
Nonoperating Revenues: Federal grant contributions Interest income on investments 387,406 7,637 926,370 330,445 7,637 926,370 330,445 7,637 18,108,681 7,637 132,802 9,064 1,389	Total operating expenses	886,745	2,434,584	4,568,039	10,558	4,867,471	3,167	4,332,386	904,739	18,007,689
Federal grant contributions Interest income on investments 387,406 7,637 926,370 330,445 270,535 132,802 9,064 1,389 2,065,648 270,635 132,802 9,064 1,389 2,065,648 132,802 9,064 1,389 1,065,648 132,802 9,064 1,389 1,065,648 15,066 1	Operating income (loss)	3,834,266	872,427	6,092,419	1,226,368	(2,894,997)	410,257	12,067,574	169,411	21,777,725
Interest income on investments 387,406 7,637 926,370 330,445 270,535 132,802 9,064 1,389 2,065,648 Total nonoperating revenue 387,406 7,637 28,491,642 330,445 18,379,216 132,802 9,064 1,389 47,739,601 Income before transfers 4,221,672 880,064 34,584,061 1,556,813 15,484,219 543,059 12,076,638 170,800 69,517,326 Transfers in - - - 1,456,343 6,309,597 1,141,400 6,041,162 - - - 14,948,502 Transfers out (2,901,553) - (1,873,169) (1,456,343) (786,529) (1,141,400) - (412,160) (8,571,154) Changes in net position 1,320,119 880,064 34,167,235 6,410,067 15,839,090 5,442,821 12,076,638 (241,360) 75,894,674 Total net position - July 1 494,962,429 95,650,063 1,214,256,263 240,996,066 323,862,557 101,794,472 1,735,964 931,1	Nonoperating Revenues:									
Total nonoperating revenue 387,406 7,637 28,491,642 330,445 18,379,216 132,802 9,064 1,389 47,739,601 Income before transfers 4,221,672 880,064 34,584,061 1,556,813 15,484,219 543,059 12,076,638 170,800 69,517,326 Transfers in — — — 1,456,343 6,309,597 1,141,400 6,041,162 — — — 14,948,502 Transfers out (2,901,553) — (1,873,169) (1,456,343) (786,529) (1,141,400) — (412,160) (8,571,154) Changes in net position 1,320,119 880,064 34,167,235 6,410,067 15,839,090 5,442,821 12,076,638 (241,360) 75,894,674 Total net position – July 1 494,962,429 95,650,063 1,214,256,263 240,996,066 323,862,557 101,794,472 1,735,964 931,130 2,474,188,944	Federal grant contributions	_	_	27,565,272	_	18,108,681	_	_	_	45,673,953
Income before transfers 4,221,672 880,064 34,584,061 1,556,813 15,484,219 543,059 12,076,638 170,800 69,517,326 Transfers in Transfers out (2,901,553) — 1,456,343 6,309,597 1,141,400 6,041,162 — — — 14,948,502 Transfers out (2,901,553) — (1,873,169) (1,456,343) (786,529) (1,141,400) — (412,160) (8,571,154) Changes in net position 1,320,119 880,064 34,167,235 6,410,067 15,839,090 5,442,821 12,076,638 (241,360) 75,894,674 Total net position – July 1 494,962,429 95,650,063 1,214,256,263 240,996,066 323,862,557 101,794,472 1,735,964 931,130 2,474,188,944	Interest income on investments	387,406	7,637	926,370	330,445	270,535	132,802	9,064	1,389	2,065,648
Transfers in — — 1,456,343 6,309,597 1,141,400 6,041,162 — — 14,948,502 Transfers out (2,901,553) — (1,873,169) (1,456,343) (786,529) (1,141,400) — (412,160) (8,571,154) Changes in net position 1,320,119 880,064 34,167,235 6,410,067 15,839,090 5,442,821 12,076,638 (241,360) 75,894,674 Total net position – July 1 494,962,429 95,650,063 1,214,256,263 240,996,066 323,862,557 101,794,472 1,735,964 931,130 2,474,188,944	Total nonoperating revenue	387,406	7,637	28,491,642	330,445	18,379,216	132,802	9,064	1,389	47,739,601
Transfers out (2,901,553) — (1,873,169) (1,456,343) (786,529) (1,141,400) — (412,160) (8,571,154) Changes in net position 1,320,119 880,064 34,167,235 6,410,067 15,839,090 5,442,821 12,076,638 (241,360) 75,894,674 Total net position – July 1 494,962,429 95,650,063 1,214,256,263 240,996,066 323,862,557 101,794,472 1,735,964 931,130 2,474,188,944		4,221,672	880,064					12,076,638	.,	
Changes in net position 1,320,119 880,064 34,167,235 6,410,067 15,839,090 5,442,821 12,076,638 (241,360) 75,894,674 Total net position – July 1 494,962,429 95,650,063 1,214,256,263 240,996,066 323,862,557 101,794,472 1,735,964 931,130 2,474,188,944		(2 901 552)	_					_		
Total net position – July 1 494,962,429 95,650,063 1,214,256,263 240,996,066 323,862,557 101,794,472 1,735,964 931,130 2,474,188,944				. , , , ,						
	Changes in net position	1,320,119	880,064	34,167,235	6,410,067	15,839,090	5,442,821	12,076,638	(241,360)	75,894,674
Total net position – June 30 \$ 496,282,548 96,530,127 1,248,423,498 247,406,133 339,701,647 107,237,293 13,812,602 689,770 2,550,083,618	Total net position – July 1	494,962,429	95,650,063	1,214,256,263	240,996,066	323,862,557	101,794,472	1,735,964	931,130	2,474,188,944
	Total net position – June 30	496,282,548	96,530,127	1,248,423,498	247,406,133	339,701,647	107,237,293	13,812,602	689,770	2,550,083,618

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Types – Enterprise Funds Year ended June 30, 2021

	Georgia Fund	Georgia Reservoir Fund	Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	Clean Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund	Drinking Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	Georgia Outdoor Stewardship Act Program Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:									
Interest payments received on loans receivable	\$ 3,644,027	111,772	9,491,120	1,085,224	1,763,464	372,314	_		16,467,921
Administrative fee payments Contributions from Georiga citizens	266,640	_	_	_	_	_	71,769	1,074,150	1,340,790 71,769
State contract payments	_	2.431.812	_	_	_		16,328,191	_	18.760.003
Payments to service providers	(879,890)	(2,589,232)	(4,730,232)	(10,558)	(4,746,726)	(3,167)	(3,564,258)	(873,379)	(17,397,442)
Internal activity – payments from other funds	2,597,831			330,328	24,065	321,214		1,236	3,274,674
Internal activity – payments to other funds	. .	(499,747)	(661,566)	_	-	_		-	(1,161,313)
Miscellaneous receipts and changes in due from other governments	(1,870)	653,772	(696,272)		(44,270)		(496,873)	(5,821)	(591,334)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	5,626,738	108,377	3,403,050	1,404,994	(3,003,467)	690,361	12,338,829	196,186	20,765,068
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:									
Federal grant contributions Transfers in	_	_	27,565,272 1,456,343	6,309,597	18,108,681 1,141,400	6.041.162	_	_	45,673,953 14,948,502
Transfers out	(2,901,553)	_	(1,873,169)	(1,456,343)	(786,529)	(1.141.400)	_	(412,160)	(8,571,154)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(2,901,553)		27,148,446	4,853,254	18,463,552	4,899,762		(412,160)	52,051,301
Cash flows from investing activities:	(=/===/					.,,,,,,,,,			
Interest income on investments	387.406	7.637	926,370	330,445	270.535	132.802	9.064	1.389	2.065.648
Originations of and advances on loans receivable	(25,708,157)	(751,810)	(97,030,078)	(5,511,188)	(46,144,589)	(5,253,639)	_	-	(180,399,461)
Principal payments received on loans receivable	26,532,761	228,423	72,324,564	16,529,281	17,365,422	3,716,764			136,697,215
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,212,010	(515,750)	(23,779,144)	11,348,538	(28,508,632)	(1,404,073)	9,064	1,389	(41,636,598)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,937,195	(407,373)	6,772,352	17,606,786	(13,048,547)	4,186,050	12,347,893	(214,585)	31,179,771
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	193,585,735	6,374,919	465,179,790	151,679,386	140,704,420	60,731,577	1,735,964	1,068,996	1,021,060,787
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 197,522,930	5,967,546	471,952,142	169,286,172	127,655,873	64,917,627	14,083,857	854,411	1,052,240,558
Reconciliation to the statement of net position:									
Cash	\$ 97,766	8 5,967,538	1,404,734	1,192,117	11	18,457	- 44 000 057	51,941 802,470	2,765,034
Investments	197,425,164		470,547,408	168,094,055	127,655,862	64,899,170	14,083,857		1,049,475,524
	\$ 197,522,930	5,967,546	471,952,142	169,286,172	127,655,873	64,917,627	14,083,857	854,411	1,052,240,558
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided									
by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,834,266	872,427	6,092,419	1,226,368	(2,894,997)	410,257	12,067,574	169.411	21,777,725
Change in assets and liabilities:	\$ 3,834,200	872,427	6,092,419	1,220,308	(2,894,997)	410,257	12,007,574	109,411	21,///,/25
Due from other governments	(1,870)	653,772	(696,272)	_	(44,270)	_	(496,873)	(5,821)	(591,334)
Accrued interest receivable	(810,344)	(763,427)	(1,169,338)	(151,702)	(209,010)	(41,110)			(3,144,931)
Due from other funds	2,597,831	- .		330,328	24,065	321,214	_	1,236	3,274,674
Due to other funds Accrued liabilities	- 6,855	(499,747)	(661,566)	_	 120.745	_	768,128	31,360	(1,161,313)
		(154,648)	(162,193)						610,247
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 5,626,738	108,377	3,403,050	1,404,994	(3,003,467)	690,361	12,338,829	196,186	20,765,068

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Organization

The Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (the "Authority") was created by an Act of the State of Georgia (the "State") in 1986 as the successor agency to the Georgia Development Authority Environmental Facilities Program. The primary mission of the Authority is to provide funding to eligible municipalities, counties, water and sewer authorities, and solid waste authorities in the state for construction and expansion of public water, sewer, and solid waste facilities.

The Governor of the State of Georgia appoints eight (8) members of the Authority's Board and three (3) ex-officio members are designated by the Authority's enabling legislation. Due to the extent of its fiscal dependency on the State, the Authority is considered a component unit of the State.

The Authority has control over the Division of Energy Resources (the "DOER"), which provides administration for statewide energy conservation programs including weatherization of homes for low income citizens and retrofitting of HVAC systems for schools and other state facilities.

Additionally, the Authority has control over the Clean Water and Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund (the "SRF"), which was previously administered by the Georgia Environmental Protection Division (the "EPD"). EPD retained compliance responsibility for capitalization grants issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") applicable to Federal fiscal years 1988-1993 until such grants were fully expended. The Authority is the recipient of and is responsible for the administration of capitalization grants applicable to Federal fiscal years 1994 and beyond. The Authority and EPD have signed a reciprocal agreement concerning technical and financial administration of the SRF. This agreement places ownership of the fund with the Authority in accordance with Sections 12-5-38.1 and 50-23-5 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (the "OCGA"). As a result, the full amount of assets, liabilities, and net position of the fund are included in the financial statements of the Authority in the Clean Water SRF and in the Drinking Water SRF.

The SRF was initially established for the purpose of making loans to local governments for construction of publicly owned wastewater treatment facilities and was funded through capitalization grants from EPA under the authority of the Clean Water Act. In 1996, the U.S. Congress passed the Safe Drinking Water Act and added a Drinking Water SRF program. The program was established for the purpose of making loans to local governments for construction of publicly owned water supply facilities and is funded through

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

capitalization grants from the EPA under the authority of the Safe Drinking Water Act. To receive capitalization grants from both programs, a recipient state must agree to provide state funds for qualifying projects equal to 20% of the capitalization grant amount. In order to provide the matching requirement for the Clean Water SRF program, the Authority has dedicated qualifying loans from its existing state funded loan portfolio and certain interest earnings on loan repayments and transferred these loans and interest earnings to the SRF. In some instances, the matching requirement is met by amounts appropriated, and paid, by the state, the Authority's current method for meeting the 20% match requirement. The results of these transactions are displayed on the financial statements of the major enterprise funds – the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund, the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund, and the Drinking Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund.

Effective July 1, 1995, the Fuel Storage Tank Management Group (the "FST") formerly part of the EPD was brought under the control of the Authority. This unit is engaged in the disposal and/or remediation of state-owned fuel tanks to mandated EPA standards. Therefore, local governments do not benefit directly from this program. Pursuant to the bond issuance from which the proceeds to fund FST remediation efforts were derived, the Authority is not authorized to receive and expend bond funds for the program. Thus, the Authority has entered into an agreement with the Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission (the "GSFIC") and the Georgia Building Authority (the "GBA") to act as agents to receive and expend funds under this program. However, the Authority administers this program and determines fund recipients. GSFIC and GBA only act as receiving and paying agents. Therefore, the only activity reflected on the Authority's books is for the cost of the operation of the unit. FST bond funds received by GSFIC and expended by GBA were not accounted for on the Authority's books prior to fiscal year 2009. Effective fiscal year 2009, the Authority began reporting activity of the FST and that activity is reflected in the nonmajor enterprise fund – Storage Tank Maintenance Fund.

In 2010, the Authority's governing legislation was amended to provide for the creation of subsidiary corporations to carry out any of its corporate purposes and to permit it to transfer to the State of Georgia any funds not needed for its corporate purposes. In July 2010, the Authority created the Georgia Environmental Loan Acquisition Corporation (the "Corporation") as a subsidiary organization pursuant to such provisions of law for the purpose of acquiring a portion of the Authority's loan portfolio and issuing bonds secured by the acquired loans to finance their purchase.

During fiscal year 2015, the Authority agreed to become the Registered State Basic Agency (RSBA) for the U. S. Appalachian Regional Commission (ARC). Under this agreement, the Authority receives federal funds to make grants to local governments for construction of or upgrades to wastewater treatment facilities specifically in the Appalachia region of Georgia.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Reporting Entity – Component units are legally separate organizations for which the State's or Authority's elected or appointed officials are financially accountable. In accordance with criteria in GASB Statements Nos. 14, 39 and 61, the Authority qualifies for treatment as a component unit of the State of Georgia; therefore, the Authority's financial statements are included in the State of Georgia's combined financial statements as a discretely presented component unit.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Financial accountability is the ability of the Authority to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing board and to impose its will upon the organization or when there exists the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. When the Authority does not appoint a voting majority of organization's governing body, GASB standards require inclusion in the financial reporting entity if an organization is fiscally dependent upon the Authority, its resources are held for the direct benefit of the Authority or can be accessed by the Authority, and a potential financial benefit or burden relationship exists or the relationship is such that it would be misleading to exclude it. In accordance with GASB Statements No. 14 and 61, the Corporation qualifies for treatment as a component unit because it is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization, the majority of whose board is appointed by the Authority, for which the Authority can impose its will on the Corporation by virtue of having the same management personnel, and whose economic resources are directly accessible by the Authority. As such, the Authority presents within these statements the Corporation as a discretely presented component unit.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position of the Corporation are reported discretely in the Authority's financial statements as required by government accounting standards. Complete separate financial statements for the Corporation may be obtained at Director, Fiscal Services Division, 233 Peachtree Street, NE, Harris Tower, Suite 900, Atlanta, GA 30303-1506.

(b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Authority presents government-wide financial statements which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the Authority's governmental activities and business type activities. Significantly, the statement of net position includes noncurrent assets and liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

resources, and the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation expenses on the Authority's capital assets and changes in long-term liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources. Also, for the most part, the effect of the interfund activity is removed from these statements. Net position in the statement of net position is distinguished between amounts invested in capital assets (net of any related debt), amounts that are restricted for use by third parties or outside requirements, and amounts that are unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or benefit from the services provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment, and 3) interest income that is restricted for use on a particular function or segment. Unrestricted interest income and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

In addition to the government-wide financial statements, the Authority has prepared separate financial statements for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus and proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are considered measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under usual accrual accounting. Entitlements and shared revenues

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant certifications and requirements have been met.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Authority. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Weatherization Assistance Program Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the Authority's grants to local governments and nonprofit entities to be used for the weatherization of low- and moderate-income citizen's homes, as well as aid in paying utility bills for these citizens. Part of this program is known as the Integrated Resources Program (the "IRP") and is funded by contributions from the Georgia Power Company pursuant to an order of the Georgia Public Service Commission. Other financing is provided by Federal grants from the Department of Energy and the Department of Health and Human Services and petroleum violation escrow funds.

<u>Clean Water SRF Administration Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for assets held by the Authority for the future administration of the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund program. The assets were collected from loan origination fees and are to be used to administer the monitoring of projects funded by loans to local governments for waste water treatment plants.

<u>Drinking Water SRF State Program Setasides Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the Authority's "set aside" grants used for various safe drinking water projects. Financing is provided through the Federal Drinking Water capitalization grant. States can use 10% of their capitalization grants to provide funding for certain activities that aid state programs such as administration of the Public Water Supervision Program (the "PWSS").

<u>Drinking Water SRF Local Assistance Setasides Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the Authority's "set aside" grants used for various safe drinking water projects. Financing is provided through the Federal Drinking Water capitalization grant. States may provide assistance, including technical assistance, to public water systems as part of a capacity development strategy under Section 1420 (c) of the Act. States may use up to 15% of the capitalization grant amount for these activities, provided not more than 10% of the capitalization grant amount is used for any one activity. This fund accounts for local assistance to various private and public contractors.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

<u>Drinking Water SRF Administration Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for assets held by the Authority for the future administration of the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund program. The assets were collected from loan origination fees and are to be used to administer the monitoring of projects funded by loans to local governments for water supply projects.

<u>Appalachian Regional Commission Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for federal funds awarded to recipients in the State of Georgia's high priority Appalachia development area. Projects must meet or address certain specific program goals to: (1) increase job opportunities and per capita income in Appalachia to reach parity with the nation; (2) strengthen the capacity of the people of Appalachia to compete in the global economy; (3) develop and improve Appalachia's infrastructure to make the Region economically competitive; and (4) build the Appalachian Development Highway System to reduce Appalachia's isolation.

The Authority reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>Georgia Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for loans to local governments for water, sewer, and solid waste improvements. Its revenues are derived from interest income on loans receivable and interest income on investments. The original funding for these loans is provided through state appropriations or general obligation bonds.

<u>Georgia Reservoir Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for activities and monies associated with grants and loans to governments specific to the construction of reservoirs and other eligible water supply operations and systems. Its revenues are derived from the interest income on loans receivable and interest income on investments. The original funding for these grants and loans is provided through state appropriations or general obligation bonds.

<u>Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for loans to local governments for wastewater treatment projects. The original funding for these loans is provided through federal capitalization grants. The fund's revenues are derived from interest income on loans receivable and interest income on investments.

<u>Clean Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the state's matching portion to provide for loans for wastewater treatment projects like the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund. The federal government requires the state to match 20% of the funds contributed to the Clean Water SRF in order to receive the full funding available for wastewater treatment projects. The original funding for these loans is provided by the State. The fund's revenues are derived from interest income on loans receivable and interest income on investments.

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<u>Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for loans to local governments for water supply projects. These loans are intended to primarily fund projects which promote compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act. The original funding for these loans is provided through federal capitalization grants. The fund's revenues are derived from interest income on loans receivable and interest income on investments.

<u>Drinking Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the state's matching portion to provide for loans for drinking water treatment projects like the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund. The federal government requires the state to match 20% of the funds contributed to the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund in order to receive the full funding available for drinking water treatment projects. The original funding for these loans is provided by the state. The fund's revenues are derived from interest income on loans receivable and interest income on investments.

Georgia Outdoor Stewardship Act Program Fund - This fund is used to account for activities and monies associated with funds provided by taxes derived for the purposes of the Georgia Outdoor Stewardship Program. It provides grants and loans approved by the Georgia Department of Natural Resources and authorized by The Georgia Outdoor Stewardship Act. Program funds will be disbursed for the purpose of providing stewardship to state parks; state lands and wildlife management areas; to support local parks and trails; and to protect critical conservation lands. Eligible applicants include qualified local governments (as determined by the Department of Community Affairs), constituted recreation authorities, state agencies and nongovernmental entities with a core mission of conservation.

As a rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, except for the net activity between the governmental and business-type activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of each of the Authority's enterprise funds is interest income on loans outstanding and fee charges for providing training and technical assistance to UST and AST operators. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include direct general and administrative expenses of administering the programs. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. General administrative overhead expenses are recorded in the general government function within the governmental activities.

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When multiple resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use resources in the following order: (1) restricted, (2) committed, (3) assigned, and (4) unassigned, for those items recorded within the governmental funds. For net position, restricted resources are used when available, prior to unrestricted resources. Nonspendable resources are utilized in accordance with requirements for those resources to be expended, i.e. billing terms, normal consumption, or payment schedules.

(d) Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all investments with original maturity dates of three months or less are considered cash equivalents.

(e) Loans Receivable

Loans receivable are stated at their unpaid principal balance less undisbursed portion of loans in process. Additionally, certain loan programs utilized by the Authority allow for forgiveness of a certain portion of the principal amount of the loan or provide a subsidized portion of the loan to communities who meet eligibility criteria to qualify as "disadvantaged" communities under federal poverty guidelines. The expected forgiven amount or subsidized portion has been expensed by the Authority as the overall loans are disbursed and this amount is not included in the loans receivable at year end.

The evaluation of the need for an allowance for loan losses is based on management's evaluation of the loan portfolio, current economic conditions, payment history and other such factors which, in management's judgment, deserve recognition in estimating loan losses. As of June 30, 2021, the Authority does not have a basis for establishing such a provision based on these criteria.

(f) Interfund Activity

All outstanding balances between funds are reported as due from/to other funds in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

(g) Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments includes the following:

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

28	οf	June	30	2021
as	OI.	Julio	JU.	2021

46 61 6416 66, 2621	
Entity or Entity Type	Amount
State of Georgia Local Governments \$	796,401
State of Georgia State Organizations	3,306,438
U. S. Appalachian Regional Commission	66,038
U. S. Department of Energy	362,076
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency	2,792,530
Total \$ _	7,323,483

(h) Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures of governmental funds. The Authority reports these assets in the governmental activities' column of government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the Authority's fund financial statements. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The Authority's capital assets include various types of computer equipment and furniture and fixtures and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Contributions or donations of capital assets received from federal, state, or local resources are recorded as contributions when received and are stated at acquisition value. Additions, improvements, and expenditures that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are expensed and therefore not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Authority are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Computer equipment	5
Furniture and fixtures	5

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

(i) Investments

Investments consist of funds on deposit in the Georgia Fund 1 and the Georgia Fund 1 Plus, which are State of Georgia investment pools. The Georgia Fund 1 and Georgia Fund 1 Plus are external investment pools managed by the State of Georgia's Office of the State Treasurer. The Georgia Fund 1 and Georgia Fund 1 Plus, created by OCGA 36-83-8, are stable asset value investment pools, which follow Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds and are regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The pools are not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pools' primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pools distribute earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determine participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The pools also adjust the values of their investments to fair value as of year-end, and the Authority's investments in the Georgia Fund 1 and Georgia Fund 1 Plus are reported at fair value.

(j) Income Taxes

The Authority is exempt from Federal income taxes as an integral part of a state government. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

(k) Compensated Absences

It is the Authority's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave because the payment of the benefits is contingent upon any future illness of an employee. No cash payments for accumulated sick leave are made to employees upon their retirement or termination of employment.

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time-off or some other means. All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due."

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

(I) Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; workers' compensation; and natural disasters.

The Authority is a member of the State of Georgia Insurance Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for various state agencies. The Authority pays an annual premium to the state for its insurance coverage. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Authority paid premiums totaling \$29,830, which included premiums for cyber insurance.

(m) Fund Equity

- (1) <u>Government-wide statements</u> Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:
 - (a) Investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if any.
 - (b) Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
 - (c) Unrestricted net position All other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets."
- (2) <u>Fund financial statements</u> Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance can have one of five primary classifications: (1) nonspendable, (2) restricted, (3) committed, (4) assigned or (5) unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent and are, therefore, not included in the current year appropriation. Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are restricted to very specific purposes and cannot be redeployed for other purposes. The Authority considers restricted first and then unrestricted amounts spent when expenditures have been incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. These restrictions are either externally imposed by outside parties or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Committed fund balance represents amounts that have internally imposed restrictions mandated by formal action of the Authority's Board, with removal of the commitment only if by formal action of the

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Authority's Board. Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are constrained by the Authority's intent that they will be used for specific purposes which may be so designated by the Authority's Executive Director, as appointed by the Board, or governing Board. The Authority fund equity balances are comprised of restricted and unassigned amounts. Amounts restricted represent appropriated amounts provided by the State to execute certain grant programs of the Authority and general obligation bond proceeds of the state provided to be a match resource to the federally funding state revolving loan funds. Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that are available for further appropriation and expenditure for general governmental purposes. Unassigned fund balance is only available for the Authority's General Fund. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

(n) Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted within the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resource and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(o) Future Accounting Pronouncements

The Authority and its component unit will adopt the following new accounting pronouncements in future years, if applicable:

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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Statement	Statement Applicability	Effective Date June 30
No. 87	Leases	2022
	Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a	
No. 89	Construction Period	2022
No. 91	Conduit Debt Obligations	2023
No. 92	Omnibus 2020	2022
No. 93	Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates	2022
	Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability	
No. 94	Payment Arrangements	2023
No. 96	Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	2023
	Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial	
	Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred	
	Compensation Plans-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14	
No. 97	and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32	2022

Management is in the process of determining the effect, if any, that the adoption of these Statements will have on the Authority's or its component unit's financial position or the disclosures in its financial statements.

(p) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and additions to/deductions from ERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(q) Other Post-employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia State Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund

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June 30, 2021

(State OPEB Fund) and the State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB) and additions to/deductions from the State OPEB Fund's and SEAD-OPEB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the State OPEB Fund and SEAD-OPEB. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(2) Budgetary Information

The Authority does not have a budget directly approved by citizens of the State of Georgia. Instead, its appropriation is included in the State of Georgia's budget as a line item request within the Department of Community Affairs budget under the Authority's enabling legislation. However, the Authority's management does utilize a budget for its General Fund to be used for financial analysis purposes throughout the year. The Authority received in full a state appropriation of \$1,679,922 and general obligation bond proceeds of \$5,100,000 for fiscal year 2021.

(3) Deposits and Investments

Primary Government

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority has a formal deposit policy with its selected custodian, or an agent acting on behalf of the custodian, for custodial credit risk as required by the State of Georgia which insures balances over the FDIC insurance at 110% of that overage. The Authority's bank balances at June 30, 2021 of \$2,933,816, with a carrying value of \$2,931,426, were entirely insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized by investment securities held by the Authority's agent in the Authority's name.

<u>Investments</u>

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Statutes authorize the Authority to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, rate guarantee agreements, and State operated investment pools. The State operated investment pool is authorized to invest in the same types of securities.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

As shown below, the Authority's investments at June 30, 2021 were categorized by credit risk as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Duration (Years)	Credit Quality
Georgia Fund 1	\$281,039,091	0.10	AAAf
Georgia Fund 1 Plus	812,869,743	0.11	Not Rated
Total fair value	\$1,093,908,834		

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is associated with changes in interest rates that adversely affect an investment's fair value. Since the price of a bond fluctuates inversely with market interest rates, the price of the bond held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. At June 30, 2021, interest rate risk is represented in the above table as "Duration (Years)" for each investment classification. The Authority's Investment Policy has been developed around those policies set forth by the State of Georgia. The Authority has structured its investment portfolio with investments having maturity dates at or prior to the time cash is prudently projected to be required to meet disbursement needs, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities prior to their maturity. This structure has been achieved by providing investments in the Georgia Fund 1 and Georgia Fund 1 Plus. The Authority's investment policy further outlines that the portfolio for investments in U.S. Treasuries and U.S. Agencies are limited to maturities with a maximum of five years from the date of purchase, although the Authority did not have any long-term investments at June 30, 2021.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> – Generally accepted accounting principles establish a fair value hierarchy based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset. The Georgia Fund 1 and Georgia Fund 1 Plus are investment pools that do not meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 79 and are thus valued at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. As a result, the Authority does not disclose the investment in the Georgia Fund 1 or Georgia Fund 1 Plus within the fair value hierarchy.

Component Unit

Custodial Credit Risk

The Corporation maintains cash balances in bank accounts at multiple banks. These balances, at times, may exceed federal insured limits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Corporation's deposits may not be returned to it. The Corporation has a formal deposit policy with its selected custodian, or an agent acting on behalf of the custodian, for custodial credit risk as required by the State of Georgia which insures balances over the FDIC insurance at 110% of that

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

overage. The Corporation's bank balances of \$1,000 at June 30, 2021 were entirely insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized by investment securities held by the Corporation's agent in the Corporation's name.

<u>Investments</u>

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Statutes authorize the Corporation to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, rate guarantee agreements, and State operated investment pools. The operated investment pool is authorized to invest in the same types of securities.

As shown below, the Corporation's investments at June 30, 2021 were categorized by credit risk as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Duration (Years)	Credit Quality
Georgia Fund 1 Georgia Fund 1 Plus	\$19,448,263 39,929,782	0.10 0.11	AAAf n/a
Total fair value	\$59,378,045		

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is associated with changes in interest rates that adversely affect an investment's fair value. Since the price of a bond fluctuates inversely with market interest rates, the price of the bond held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. At June 30, 2021, interest rate risk is represented in the above table as "Duration (Years)" for each investment classification. The Corporation's Investment Policy has been developed around those policies set forth by the State of Georgia. The Corporation has structured its investment portfolio with investments having maturity dates at or prior to the time cash is prudently projected to be required to meet disbursement needs, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities prior to their maturity. This structure has been achieved by providing investments in the Georgia Fund 1 and Georgia Fund 1 Plus. The Corporation's investment policy further outlines that the portfolio for investments in U.S. Treasuries and U.S. Agencies are limited to maturities with a maximum of five years from the date of purchase.

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<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> – Generally accepted accounting principles establish a fair value hierarchy based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset. The Georgia Fund 1 and Georgia Fund 1 Plus are investment pools that do not meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 79 and are thus valued at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. As a result, the Corporation does not disclose the investment in the Georgia Fund 1 or Georgia Fund 1 Plus within the fair value hierarchy.

(4) Loans Receivable

Loans receivable at June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

Classification	Amount
Water and wastewater facility and conservation loans	
Undisbursed portion of loans in process	(\$771,944,595)
Unpaid principal balance	\$1,496,625,187

At June 30, 2021, the Authority had commitments to fund projects, excluding the undisbursed portion of loans in process, totaling \$105,462,350.

In accordance with certain loan programs, the Authority expensed a forgiven portion of loans in the amount of \$4,566,571 in the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund and \$4,865,615 in the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund during fiscal year 2021.

Additionally, the Authority provided grant funds from the Appalachian Regional Commission in the amount of \$2,191,068 that were used partly in conjunction with loan projects of the Authority or stand-alone projects that have been environmentally approved as water infrastructure facilities projects. As these amounts are expensed and forgiven or granted, they are not included in the unpaid principal balance above.

Based on management's evaluation of the loan portfolio, current economic factors, past payment history and other relevant factors, including the borrowers' ability to repay and the Authority's remedies to enforce repayment, a provision for potential loan losses has not been provided. Such remedies include the ability of the Authority to compel rate and fee increases and/or the full faith and credit pledge of the borrower to be used at the Authority's discretion.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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(5) Bonds Payable and Other Long-Term Liabilities

Primary Government

Compensated Absences:

The Authority had \$107,576 in additions that were included in compensated absences representative of vacation pay earned by employees or addition of new staff and reductions of \$23,367 to compensated absences due to employee terminations or vacation hours used by employees. Compensated absences, as well as the net OPEB and pension liabilities, are liquidated by those funds that have salary and wage expenditures, typically the General Fund.

The Authority's long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Decembring		Balance June 30,	A .ll!4:	Daduatiana	Balance June 30,	Amount due within
Description		2020	Additions	Reductions	2021	one year
Governmental activities						
Compensated absences	\$	463,839	107,576	23,367	548,048	137,012
Net OPEB liability		941,589	600,404	714,837	827,156	
Net pension liability	_	4,122,900	759,449	766,823	4,115,526	
Total Governmental activities	\$_	5,528,328	1,467,429	1,505,027	5,490,730	137,012

Component Unit

The Corporation issued a series of local government loan securitization bonds for the Loan Pool (Series 2011) on March 30, 2011 with a maturity date of March 15, 2031. The proceeds of the sales of the Series 2011 Bonds were used to acquire certain local government loans from the Authority, to establish a debt service reserve, and to pay the costs of issuing the Series 2011 Bonds. The Series 2011 Bonds were payable primarily from and secured primarily by a pledge of repayments on the local government loans to be received over the duration of the bonds' maturity. The bonds had an interest rate of 5.125%. In the previous fiscal year, the Corporation retired \$6,690,000 in principal balance leaving a remaining principal balance of

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\$25,655,000. On June 15, 2020, the Corporation defeased the remaining principal balance of \$25,655,000 by purchasing State and Local Government Series (SLGS) securities. The defeased bonds were fully redeemed at par on March 15, 2021. No further activity will be reported for these bonds after this fiscal year.

(6) Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund activity as of June 30, 2021, is as follows:

Due from/to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Weatherization Assistance Program	\$ 577,383
	Clean Water SRF Administration	389,678
	Drinking Water SRF State Program Setasides	293,233
	Drinking Water SRF Local Assist Setasides	596,121
	Drinking Water SRF Administration	111,087
	Georgia Fund	2,770,294
	Georgia Reservoir Fund	3,605
	Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	242,836
	Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund	1,069,416
	Nonmajor enterprise funds	68,971
Nonmajor governmental funds	Weatherization Assistance Program	150,000
	Nonmajor governmental funds	41,532
Georgia Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	750
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	General Fund	2,459
Clean Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	General Fund	328,650
Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund	General Fund	589
Drinking Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	General Fund	5,524
	Total	\$ 6,652,128

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) Interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Interfund transfers:

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Transfers-in Fund	Transfers-out Fund	Amount
General Fund	Clean Water SRF Administration	\$ 369,971
	Drinking Water SRF Administration	118,435
	Georgia Fund	2,901,553
	Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	1,074,760
	Nonmajor enterprise funds	412,160
Clean Water SRF Administration	General Fund	97
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	Clean Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	1,456,343
Clean Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	General Fund	5,511,188
	Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	798,409
Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund	Drinking Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	1,141,400
Drinking Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund	General Fund	5,254,633
	Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund	786,529
	Total	\$ 19,825,478

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary operations, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant and loan programs.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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(7) Capital Assets

The Authority's capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30,			June 30,
Asset category	2020	Additions	Deletions	2021
Cost:	_			
Computer equipment \$	460,354	_		460,354
Fixtures & office equipment	209,168			209,168
Total cost	669,522			669,522
Accumulated depreciation:				
Computer equipment	352,155	48,366		400,521
Fixtures & office equipment	184,390	13,851		_198,241
Total accumulated				
depreciation _	536,545	62,217		598,762
Total net capital assets \$	132,977	(62,217)		70,760
-				

Depreciation expense of \$62,217 was charged to the general government function.

(8) Retirement Plans

The Georgia Environmental Finance Authority participates in a retirement plan administered by the State of Georgia dependent upon employee eligibility: Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (the System). This system issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes the applicable financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by visiting the following website:

Employees' Retirement System - www.ers.ga.gov

The significant provisions of this retirement plan are described below. More detailed information can be found in the plan agreement and related legislation. The plan, including benefit and contribution provisions, was established, and can be amended by State law.

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Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

The System is comprised of individual retirement systems and plans covering substantially all employees of the State of Georgia except for teachers and other employees covered by the Teachers Retirement System. One of the plans within the System, the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia Plan (ERS), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees and has the powers and privileges of a corporation. ERS acts pursuant to statutory direction and guidelines, which may be amended prospectively for new hires but for existing members and beneficiaries may be amended in some aspects only subject to potential application of certain constitutional restraints against impairment of contract. Title 47 of the OCGA assigns the responsibility to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature.

The benefit structure of ERS is established by the Board of Trustees under statutory guidelines under three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS). Unless the employee elects otherwise, an employee who currently maintains membership with ERS based upon State employment that started prior to July 1, 1982, is an "old plan" member subject to the plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982, but prior to January 1, 2009, are "new plan" members subject to the modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, newly hired State employees, as well as rehired State employees who did not maintain eligibility for the "old" or "new" plan, are members of the GSEPS. Members of the GSEPS plan may also participate in the GSEPS 401(k) defined contribution component described below. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009, also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to the GSEPS plan.

Under the old plan, new plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon a formula adopted by the Board of Trustees for such purpose. The formula considers the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months of salary, the number of years of creditable service, and the member's age at retirement. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may be made to members' benefits provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of

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the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

Member contribution rates are set by law. Member contributions under the old plan are 4% of annual compensation up to \$4,200 plus 6% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200. Under the old plan, the Authority pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the old plan, these Authority contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the new plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The Authority is required to contribute at a specified percentage of active member payroll established by the Board of Trustees and determined annually in accordance with an actuarial valuation and minimum funding standards as provided by law. These Authority contributions are not at any time refundable to the member or his/her beneficiary.

Members become vested after 10 years of service. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contributions, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

The Authority's contractually required contribution rate, actuarially determined annually, for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 24.66% of annual covered payroll for old and new plan members and 21.57% for GSEPS members. The Authority's contributions to ERS totaled \$607,990 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Authority reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability in the amount of \$4,115,526. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. At June 30 2020, the Authority's proportion was 0.097641%, which was a decrease of .002271% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

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For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$448,975. At June 30, 2021, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	50,132	_	
Changes of assumptions		_	_	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		58,133	_	
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		_	127,542	
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	<u></u>	607,990		
Total	\$	716,255	127,542	

Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$607,990 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2022	(\$150,371)
2023	\$12,786
2024	\$67,466
2025	\$50,842
2026	\$0
Thereafter	\$0
Total	(\$19,277)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. Based on the funding policy adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, the investment rate of return assumption will be changed to 7.30% in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation. Therefore, the investment rate of return used in the roll-forward of the total pension liability is 7.30% using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

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Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25 - 7.00%. Including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.30%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set forward two years for both males and females for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection rate scale BB and set back seven years for males and set forward three years for females was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-12% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for service retirements and beneficiaries and for disability retirements. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014 with the exception of the assumed rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

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Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	(0.10)%
Domestic large equities	46.20	8.90
Domestic small equities	1.30	13.20
International developed market equities	12.40	8.90
International emerging market equities	5.10	10.90
Alternatives	5.00	12.00
Total	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.30 %. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Authority and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.30 %, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.30 %) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.30 %) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	_	Decrease (6.30%)	Discount Rate (7.30%)	Increase (8.30%)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,789,822	4,115,526	2,686,710

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Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report which is publicly available at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

The Authority had \$52,695 payable to the pension plan as of June 30, 2021.

GSEPS 401(k) Defined Contribution Component of ERS

In addition to the ERS defined benefit pension described above, GSEPS members may also participate in the Peach State Reserves 401(k) defined contribution plan and receive an employer matching contribution. The 401(k) plan is administered by the System and was established by the Georgia Employee Benefit Plan Council in accordance with State law and Section 401(k) of the IRC. The GSEPS segment of the 401(k) plan was established by State law effective January 1, 2009. Plan provisions and contribution requirements specific to GSEPS can be amended by State law. Other general 401(k) plan provisions can be amended by the ERS Board of Trustees as required by changes in federal tax law or for administrative purposes. The State was not required to make significant contributions to the 401(k) plan prior to GSEPS because most members under other segments of the plan either were not State employees or were not eligible to receive employer contributions.

The GSEPS plan includes automatic enrollment in the 401(k) plan at a contribution rate of 5% of salary unless the participating member elects otherwise. The member may change such level of participation at any time. In addition, the member may make such additional contributions as he or she desires, subject to limitations imposed by federal law. The State will match 100% of the employee's initial 1% contribution and 50% of contribution elections of two through five percent. Therefore, the State will match 3% of salary when an employee contributes at least 5% to the 401(k) plan. Employee contributions greater than 5% of salary do not receive any matching funds.

GSEPS employer contributions are subject to a vesting schedule, which determines eligibility to receive all or a portion of the employer contribution balance at the time of any distribution from the account after separation from all State service. Vesting is determined based on the following schedule:

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Less than 1 year	0%
1 year	20%
2 years	40%
3 years	60%
4 years	80%
5 or more years	100%

Employee contributions and earnings thereon are 100% vested at all times. The 401(k) plan also allows participants to roll over amounts from other qualified plans to their respective account in the 401(k) plan on approval of the 401(k) plan administrator. Such rollovers are 100% vested at the time of transfer. Participant contributions are invested according to the participant's investment election. If the participant does not make an election, investments are automatically defaulted to a Lifecycle fund based on the participant's date of birth.

The participants may receive the value of their vested accounts upon attaining age 59.5, qualifying financial hardship, or retirement or other termination of service (employer contribution balances are only eligible for distribution upon separation from service). Upon the death of a participant, his or her beneficiary shall be entitled to the vested value of his or her accounts. Distributions are made in installments or in a lump sum.

The Authority's employer and employee GSEPS contributions were as follows for the last three years:

	Annual	Annual
	Employer	Employee
Year	Contribution	Contribution
2021	36,611	\$ 70,880
2020	33,081	56,529
2019	48.018	30,348

(9) Other Post-employment Benefits

The Authority participates in the following State of Georgia other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans:

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Administered by Department of Community Health (DCH): Georgia State Employees Post-employment Health Benefit Fund (State OPEB Fund)

Administered by the System:
State Employees' Assurance Department (SEAD)
– For retired and vested inactive (SEAD-OPEB)

Effective July 1, 2017, the Authority implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which significantly changed the Authority's accounting for OPEB amounts. The information disclosed in this note is presented in accordance with this new standard.

The net OPEB asset, net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB Expense for the plans are summarized below.

	State OPEB Fund	SEAD-OPEB	Total
Net OPEB asset	\$ —	(\$320,492)	(\$320,492)
Net OPEB liability	\$827,156	\$ —	\$827,156
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	\$216,155	\$14,097	\$230,252
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	\$1,159,759	\$7,781	\$1,167,540
OPEB Expense	(\$724,197)	(\$10,493)	(\$734,690)

Georgia State Employees Post-employment Health Benefit Fund (State OPEB Fund) Plan Description:

Employees of State organizations as defined in §45-18-25 of the *Official Code of Georgia Annotated* (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the State OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund of the State of Georgia and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 45 of the *O.C.G.A.* assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board. The State OPEB Fund is included in the State of Georgia

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Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which is publicly available and can be obtained at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

Benefits:

The State OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for employees of State organizations (including technical colleges) and other entities authorized by law to contract with the State of Georgia Department of Community Health (DCH) for inclusion in the plan. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The State OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the State OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions:

As established by the Board of Community Health, the State OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions required and made to the State OPEB Fund from the Authority were \$110,607 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Active employees are not required to contribute to the State OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the Authority reported a liability of \$827,156 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The

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Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions to the State OPEB Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. At June 30 2020, the Authority's proportion was 0.073499%, which was a decrease of 0.002355% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of (\$604,230). At June 30, 2021, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 d Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	312,751	
Changes in plan assumptions	14,979		508,845	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments	81,209		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-		338,163	
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date	119,967		_	
Total	\$ 216,155	\$	1,159,759	

Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$119,967 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2022	\$ (575,693)
2023	(368,209)
2024	(116,731)
2025	(2,938)
2026	
Total	\$ (1,063,571)

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Actuarial assumptions:

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.25 - 7.00%. Including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.30%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	Pre-Medicare Eligible - 7.00%
Healthcare cost tierid rate	Medicare Eligible - 5.25%
Ultimate trend rate	Pre-Medicare Eligible - 4.50%
Ollimate trend rate	Medicare Eligible - 4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	Pre-Medicare Eligible - 2029
real of Oillinate trend rate	Medicare Eligible - 2023

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females. The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward 2 years for both males and females was used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set back seven years for males and set forward three years for females was used for the period after disability retirement. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the ERS pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014 and adopted by the pension Board on December 17, 2015. The next experience study for ERS will be for period ending June 30, 2019

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Authority and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed

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to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income Equities	30.00% 70.00%	0.50% 9.20%
Total	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of inflation

Discount rate:

In order to measure the total OPEB liability, as of June 30, 2020, for the State OPEB fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 7.06% was used, as compared with last year's discount rate of 7.30%. This is comprised of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (2.21% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate) along with other factors. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as leveraged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2118.

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

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The following presents the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.06% as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.06%) than the current discount rate (amounts in thousands):

	1%	Current	1%
	 Decrease (6.06%)	discount rate (7.06%)	Increase (8.06%)
Authority's proportionate share of the			
net OPEB liability	\$ 1,036,767	\$ 827,156	\$ 648,443

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate:

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Healthcare Cost Trend Rate			1% Increase	
Authority's proportionate share of the							-
net OPEB liability	\$	621,590	\$	827,156	\$	1,070,745	

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB):

Plan Description:

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SEAD-OPEB was created in 2007 by the Georgia General Assembly to amend Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., related to retirement, so as to establish a fund for the provision of term life insurance to retire and vested inactive members of ERS, LRS, and GJRS. The plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to a Board of Trustees for the SEAD-OPEB. The SEAD-OPEB trust fund accumulates the premiums received from the aforementioned retirement plans, including interest earned on deposits and investments of such payments. The SEAD-OPEB trust fund is included in ERS financial statements which are publicly available and can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits:

Members in the ERS prior to January 1, 2009 and members in LRS or GJRS prior to July 1, 2009 are eligible for participation in the SEAD-OPEB plan. Effective July 1, 2009, no newly hired members of any Georgia public retirement system are eligible for term life insurance under the SEAD-OPEB. The amount of insurance for a retiree with creditable service prior to April 1, 1964 is the full amount of insurance in effect on the date of retirement. The amount of insurance for a service retiree with no creditable service prior to April 1, 1964 is 70% of the amount of insurance in effect at age 60 or at termination, if earlier. Life insurance proceeds are paid in a lump sum to the beneficiary upon death of the retiree.

Contributions:

Georgia law provides that employee contributions to the plan shall be in an amount established by the Board of Trustees not to exceed one-half of 1% of the member's earnable compensation. Georgia law also establishes that the Board of Trustees determines the amount of any required contributions from the employer. There were no employer contributions required or made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the Authority reported an asset of \$320,492 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was based on an actuarial valuation as of

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June 30, 2019. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB asset was actuarially determined based on member salaries reported to the SEAD-OPEB during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. At June 30 2020, the Authority's proportion was 0.112842%, which was a increase of 0.003218% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of (\$10,493). At June 30, 2021, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	d Outflows	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in plan assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$ 84 -	\$	2,979 -
OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Authority	5,680		-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total	\$ 8,333 14,097	\$	4,802 7,781

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2022	\$ (6,301)
2023	675
2024	6,688
2025	5,254
2026	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 6,316

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Actuarial assumptions:

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25 - 7.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.30%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	N/A

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set forward two years or both males and females for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the ERS pension system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014, with the exception of the long-term assumed rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	(0.10%)
Domestic large equities	46.20	8.90
Domestic small equities	1.30	13.20
International developed market equities	12.40	8.90
International emerging market equities	5.10	10.90
Alternatives	5.00	12.00
Total	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of inflation of 2.75%

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Discount rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.30%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.30%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.30%) than the current rate:

		1%	Current		1%
	_	Decrease (6.30%)	discount rate (7.30%)	_	Increase (8.30%)
Authority's proportionate share of the					
net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(177,777)	\$ (320,492)	\$	(438,143)

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which is publicly available at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

(10) Lease Commitments

The Authority is obligated under certain noncancelable operating leases for office space. The Authority's lease ended June 30, 2021 and is currently under a month-to-month tenancy based on provisions of the expired lease. These provisions call for monthly payments at the rate in place at the end of the lease term. As such, it is expected that lease payments will not exceed fiscal year 2021 totals. It is anticipated that a new lease for office space will be negotiated with a future leaseholder late 2021 or early 2022.

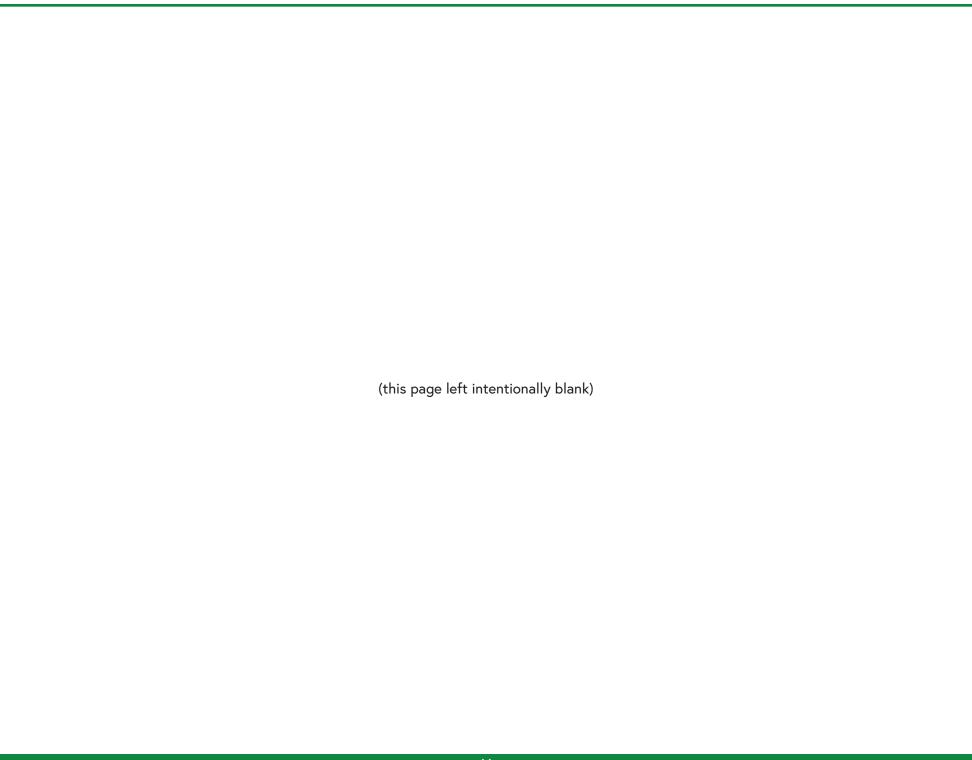
Lease Fiscal Year	Amount
2022	\$ 481,109

Total expenses for rental of office space for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$481,109.

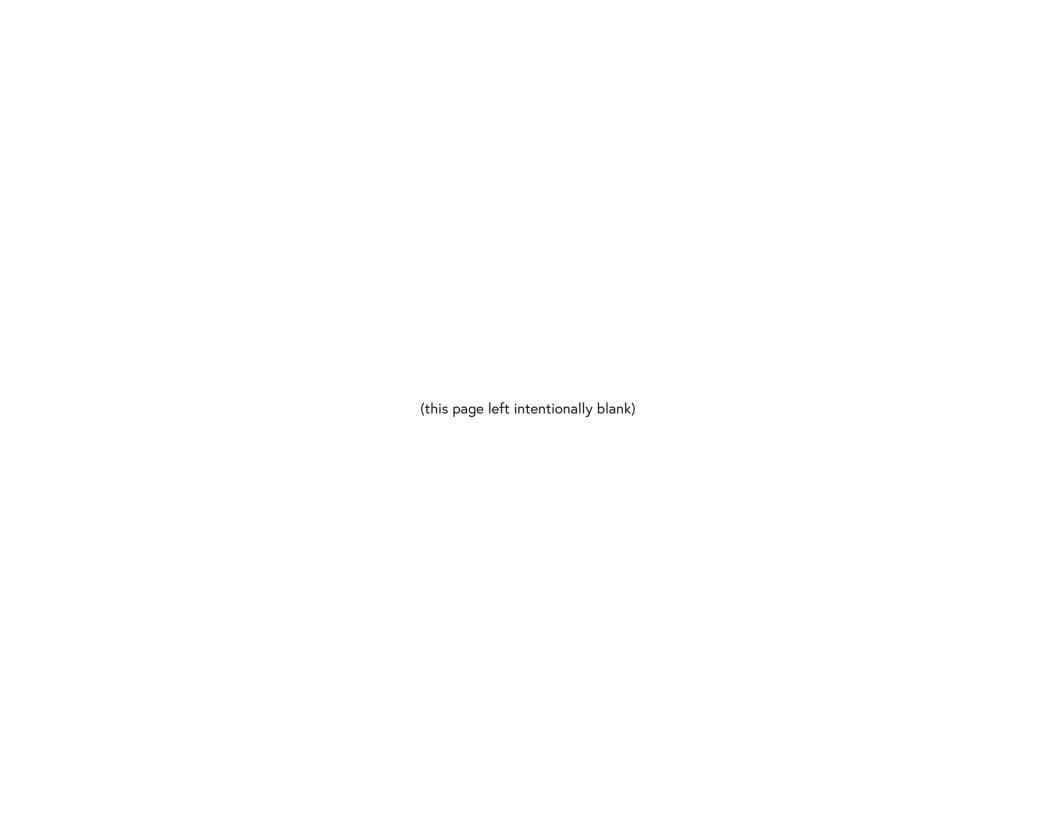
(11) Contingencies and Commitments on Liabilities & Violations of Finance-Related Legal or Contractual Provisions

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Authority reviews all outstanding claims and judgments to determine if any estimated liabilities should be accrued at year-end. Based on management's experience of the review of claims and judgments, it has been determined that there were no material claims and judgments outstanding at June 30, 2021. In addition, management believes there were no material violations of finance-related legal or contractual provisions by the Authority during the current fiscal year.







(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Employees' Retirement System

Authority to proportion of the not popular lightlift.	2021 0.097641%	2020	2019 0.107992%	2018 0.114292%	2017 0.126735%	2016	2015 0.122178%
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.097641%	0.099912%	0.107992%	0.114292%	0.120/35%	0.128659%	0.122170%
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$4,115,526	\$4,122,900	\$4,439,587	\$4,641,781	\$5,995,098	\$5,212,488	\$4,582,430
Authority's covered payroll during the measurement period	\$2,617,732	\$2,672,774	\$2,893,545	\$2,928,171	\$3,077,893	\$3,074,356	\$2,902,532
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	157.22%	154.26%	153.43%	158.52%	194.78%	169.55%	157.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.21%	76.74%	76.68%	76.33%	72.34%	76.20%	77.99%

Source: Employees' Retirement System of Georgia and the Authority's Fiscal Services Division.

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be provided as data becomes available.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Authority's Contributions Employees' Retirement System

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contributions	\$607,990	\$607,084	\$624,077	\$683,396	\$697,566	\$728,438	\$645,978	\$507,851	\$424,094	\$342,738
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$607,990	\$607,084	\$624,077	\$683,396	\$697,566	\$728,438	\$645,978	\$507,851	\$424,094	\$342,738
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Authority's covered payroll during the current fiscal year	\$2,630,633	\$2,617,732	\$2,672,774	\$2,893,545	\$2,928,171	\$3,077,893	\$3,074,356	\$2,902,532	\$3,085,566	\$3,259,554
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	23.11%	23.19%	23.35%	23.62%	23.82%	23.67%	21.01%	17.50%	13.74%	10.51%

Source: Employees' Retirement System of Georgia and the Authority's Fiscal Services Division

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of assumptions: On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases.

On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 Measurement Date. The assumed investment rate of return remained at 7.30% for the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATE OPEB FUND SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (%)	0.073499%	0.075854%	0.086572%	0.089360%
Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 827,156	941,589	2,264,366	3,640,710
Authority's covered payroll	\$ 2,114,967	2,032,458	2,560,630	2,534,348
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	39.11%	46.33%	88.43%	143.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	59.71%	56.57%	31.48%	17.34%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATE OPEB FUND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	119,967	110,607	405,571	434,224
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	119,967	110,607	405,571	434,224
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$				
Authority's covered payroll	\$	2,288,508	2,114,967	2,032,458	2,560,630
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.24%	5.23%	19.95%	16.96%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATE OPEB FUND NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions:

6/30/2019 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50% in anticipation of the upcoming ERS Experience Study. Additionally, decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement Systems experience study. Approximately 6.0% of employees are members were revised.

6/30/2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

6/30/2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

6/30/2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.09% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.60% as of June 30, 2017, to 5.22% as of June 30, 2018, to 7.30% as of June 30, 2019, and to 7.06% as of June 30, 2020.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEAD – OPEB SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Commission's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (%)	0.112842%	0.109624%	0.126785%	0.130236%
Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (320,492)	(309,978)	(343,139)	(338,490)
Authority's covered payroll	\$ 1,344,567	1,398,220	1,755,181	1,896,579
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-23.84%	-22.17%	-19.55%	-17.85%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	129.20%	129.73%	129.46%	130.17%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEAD-OPEB SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	-	-	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$			
Authority's covered payroll	\$ 1,312,702	1,344,567	1,398,220	1,755,181
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes to the Schedule:

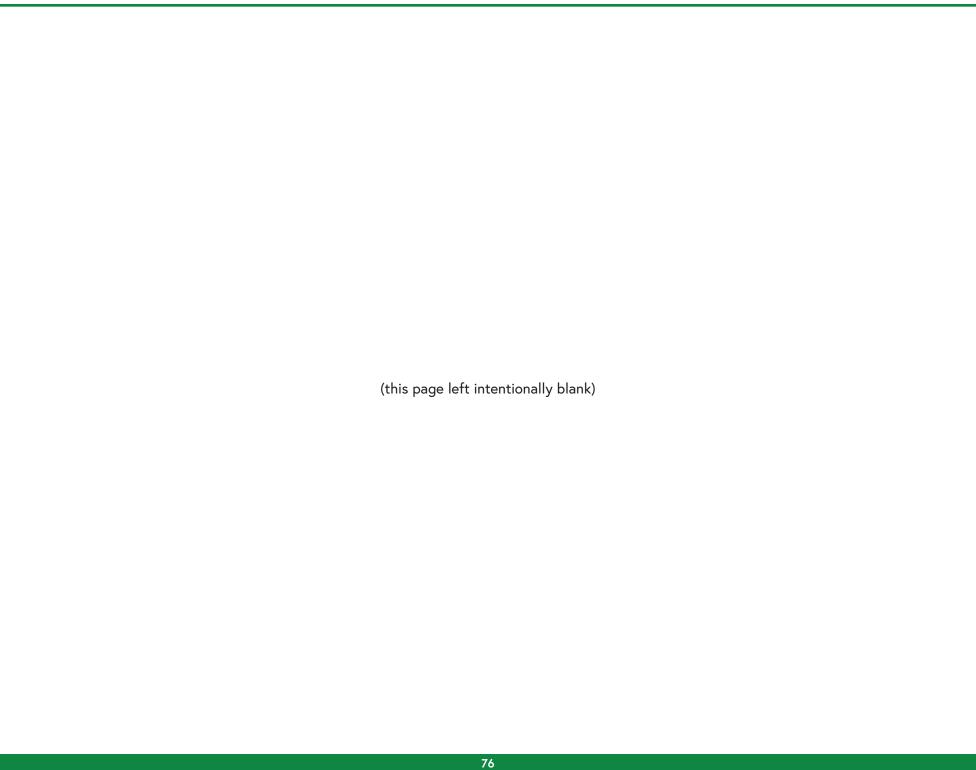
The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

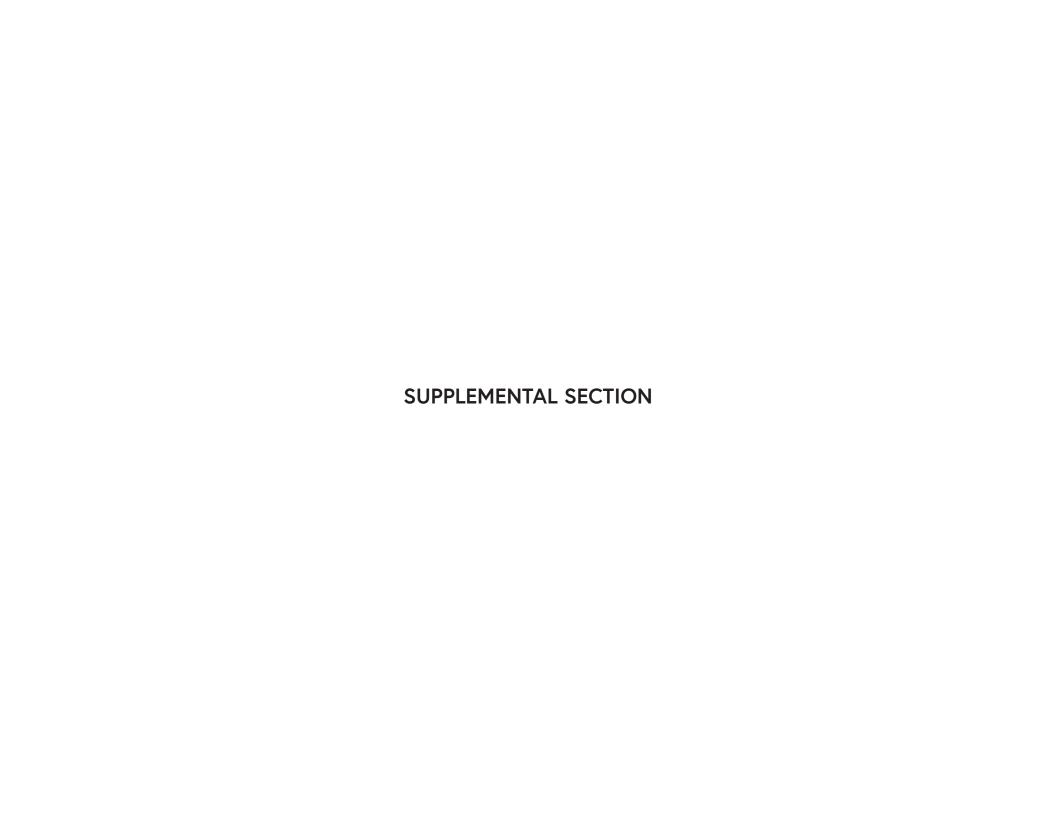
(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

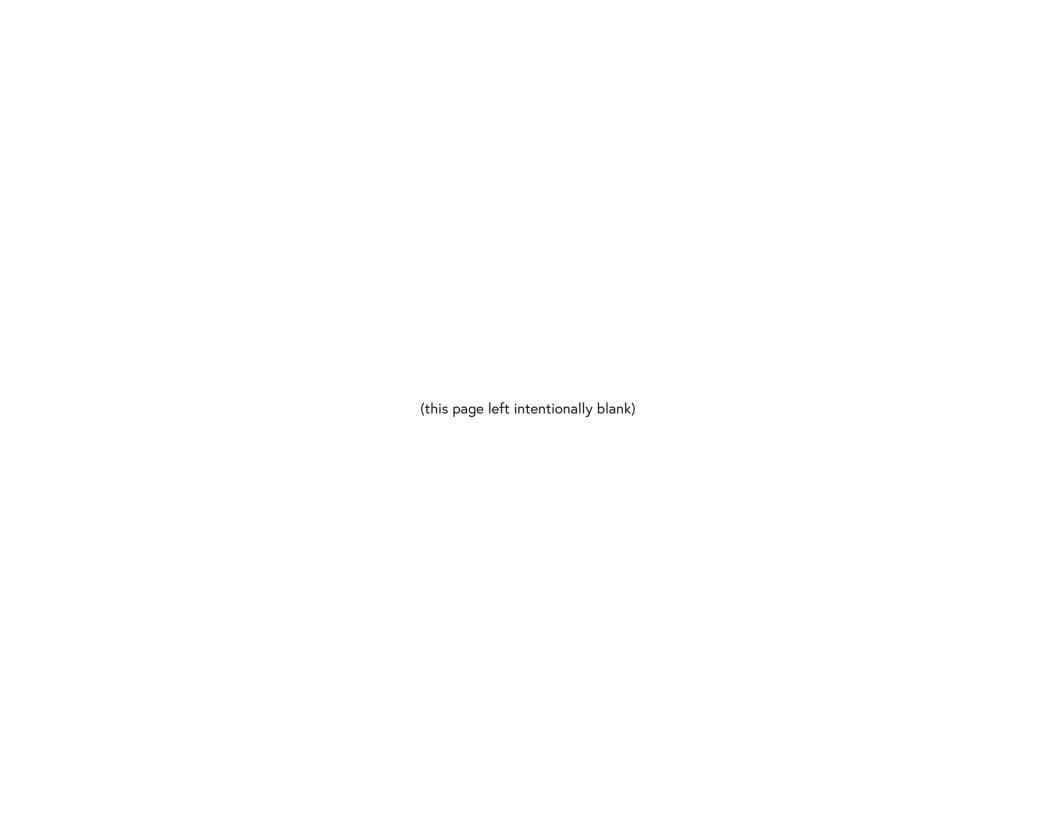
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEAD-OPEB NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE

Changes in assumptions: On December 17, 2015, the Board of Trustees of the SEAD-OPEB adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the Plan. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 2 years for both males and females).

On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed interest rate of return was reduced from 7.5% to 7.40% for June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 Measurement Date. The assumed investment rate of return remained at 7.30% for the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.







(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

State Energy Program Fund

This fund is used to account for the Authority's grants to other government agencies for projects working on the development of alternative sources of energy. Financing is provided through federal grants and petroleum violation fees.

Energy Investments Fund

This fund is used to account for the Authority's monies from previous years required to be used in each of the other energy related special revenue funds. Financing is provided through interest income on investments held by the Authority from collections of petroleum violation fees and public utility contributions in previous years.

Drinking Water SRF Small PWS Technical Assistance Fund

This fund is used to account for the Authority's "set-aside" grants used for various safe drinking water projects. Financing is provided through the Federal Drinking Water capitalization grant. States may provide assistance, including technical assistance, to public water systems as part of a capacity development strategy under Section 1420 (c) of the Act. States may use up to 2% of the capitalization grant amount for these activities. This fund accounts for technical assistance to smaller communities only.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Assets		State Energy Program	Energy Investments	Drinking Water SRF Small PWS Technical Assistance	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash	\$	140	_	_	140
Investments		_	2,548,132	_	2,548,132
Due from other governments		38,512	_	73,838	112,350
Due from other funds	_	191,532			191,532
Total assets	\$_	230,184	2,548,132	73,838	2,852,154
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	34,717	_	73,838	108,555
Due to other funds			42,282		42,282
Total liabilities		34,717	42,282	73,838	150,837
Fund balances:					
Restricted for grant programs		195,467	2,505,850		2,701,317
Total fund balances	_	195,467	2,505,850		2,701,317
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u></u>	230,184	2,548,132	73,838	2,852,154

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2021

	_	State Energy Program	Energy Investments	Drinking Water SRF Small PWS Technical Assistance	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Grant revenues	\$	476,092	_	295,350	771,442
Interest income on investments	_		3,173		3,173
Total revenues	_	476,092	3,173	295,350	774,615
Expenditures: Current:					
Water and wastewater programs		_	_	295,350	295,350
Energy programs	_	476,092	1,115		477,207
Total expenditures	_	476,092	1,115	295,350	772,557
Excess of revenues over					
expenditures	_		2,058		2,058
Net change in fund balances		_	2,058	_	2,058
Fund balances – July 1	_	195,467	2,503,792		2,699,259
Fund balances – June 30	\$ _	195,467	2,505,850		2,701,317

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the Authority is that the cost of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the Authority has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

The following is a nonmajor enterprise fund maintained by the Authority:

Storage Tank Maintenance Fund

This fund is used to account for activities and monies associated with collection of fees charged state agencies for the ongoing preventative maintenance of fuel storage facilities. In addition, funding passed through the Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission for the removal or upgrading of the same such facilities. Its revenues are derived from the direct funding as mentioned and interest earnings on investments.

GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Assets	Storage Tank Maintenance Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 51,941	51,941
Investments	802,470	802,470
Due from other governments	7,426	7,426
Total current assets	861,837	861,837
Total assets	861,837	861,837
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	100,022	100,022
Due to other funds	68,971	68,971
Due to other governments	3,074	3,074
Total liabilities	172,067	172,067
Net Position		
Unrestricted	689,770	689,770
Total net position	\$ 689,770	689,770

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

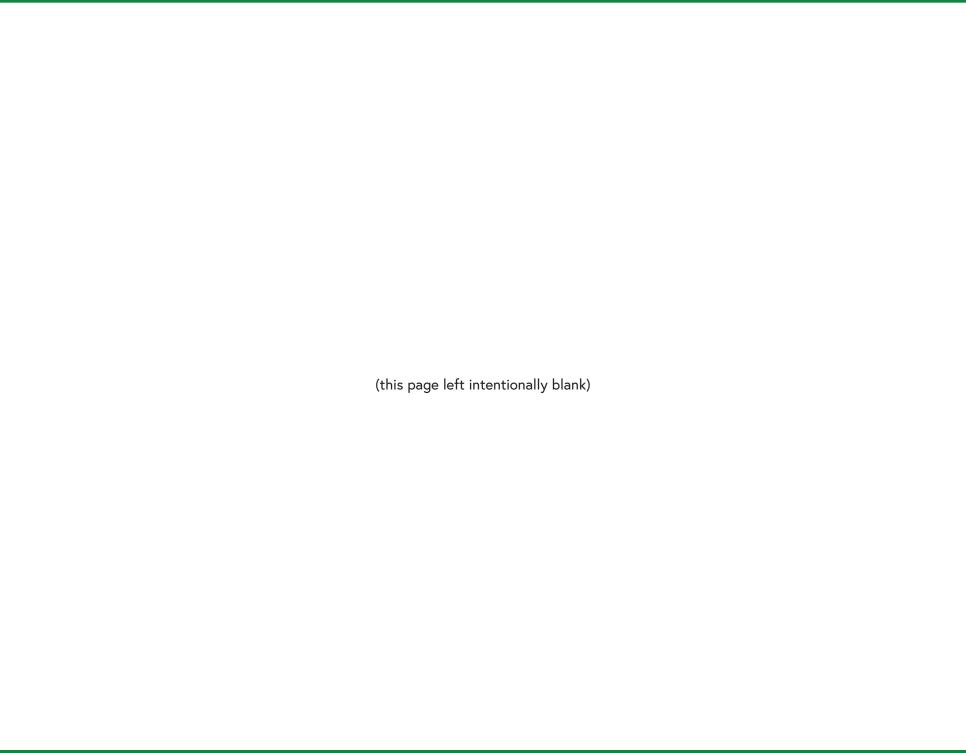
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year ended June 30, 2021

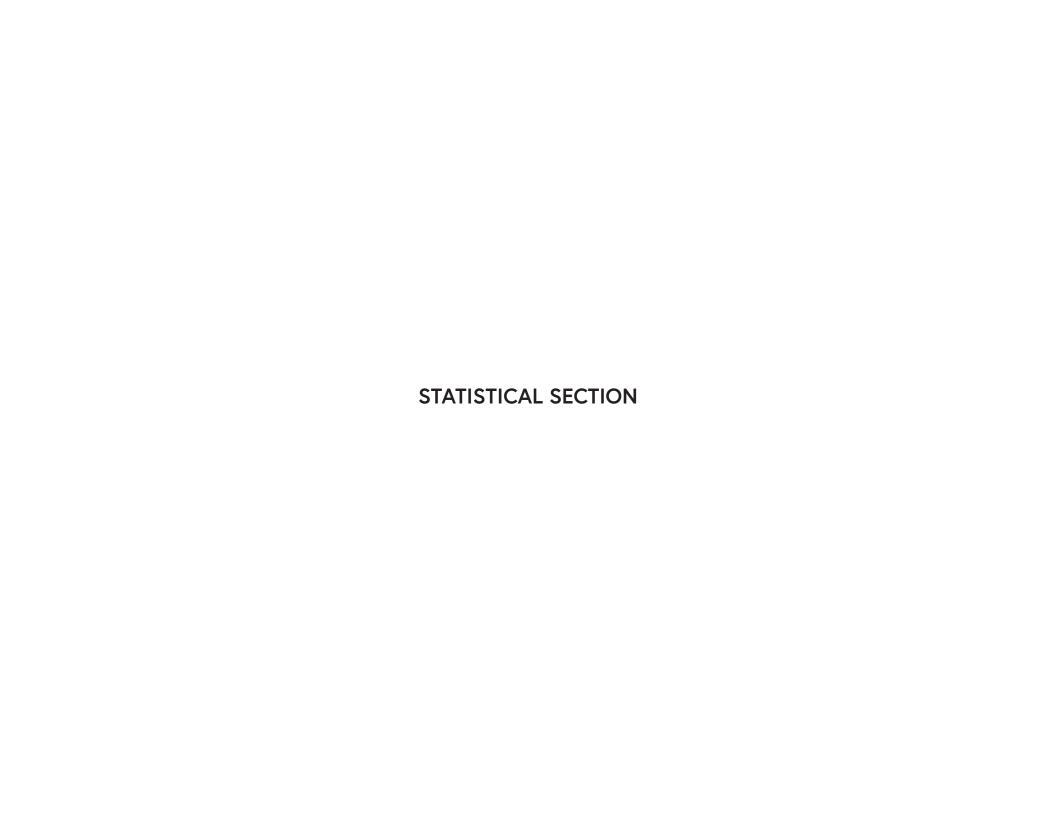
		Storage Tank Maintenance Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues: Administrative and preventative maintenance fees	\$	1,074,150	1,074,150
Total operating revenue	-	1,074,150	1,074,150
Operating Expenses: Storage tank maintenance programs General and administrative	_	904,241 498	904,241 498
Total operating expenses	-	904,739	904,739
Operating income	-	169,411	169,411
Nonoperating Revenues: Interest income on investments	-	1,389	1,389
Total nonoperating revenue		1,389	1,389
Income before transfers Transfers out		170,800 (412,160)	170,800 (412,160)
Changes in net position		(241,360)	(241,360)
Total net position – July 1	-	931,130	931,130
Total net position – June 30	\$:	689,770	689,770

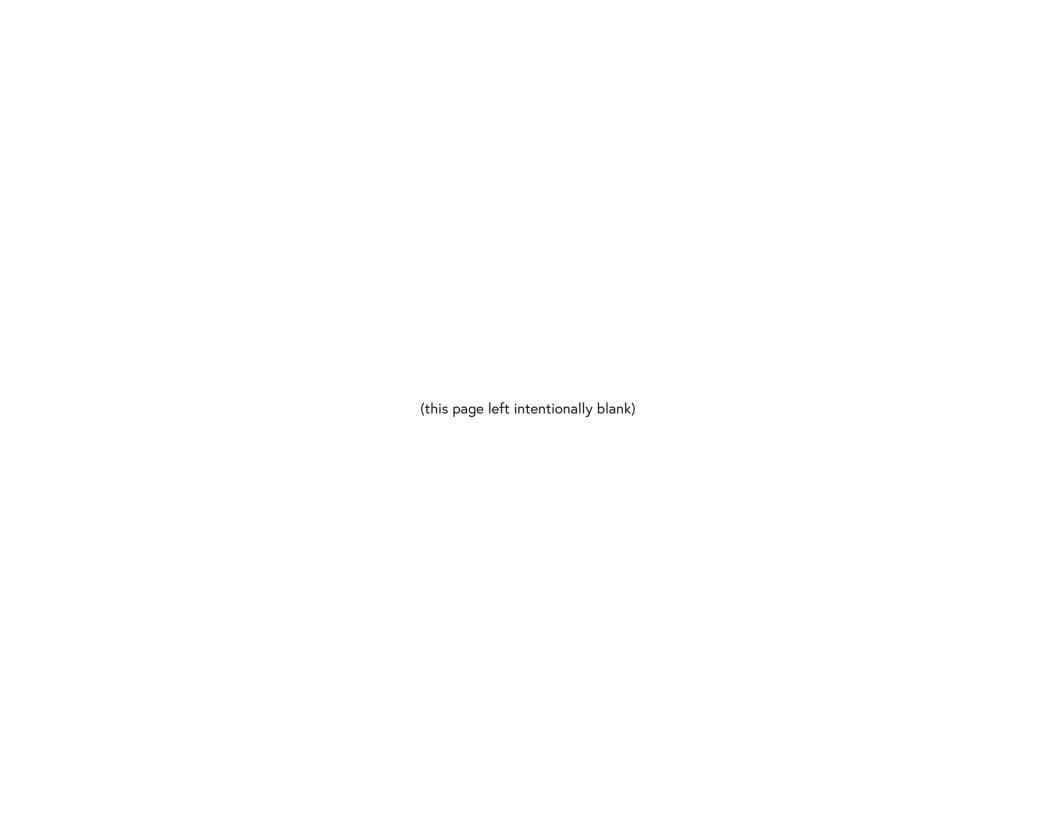
(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Types – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year ended June 30, 2021

		Storage Tank Maintenance	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Administrative fee payments Payments to service providers Internal activity – payments from other funds Miscellaneous receipts and changes in due from other governments	\$	1,074,150 (873,379) 1,236 (5,821)	1,074,150 (873,379) 1,236 (5,821)
Net cash provided by operating activities	•	196,186	196,186
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers out		(412,160)	(412,160)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(412,160)	(412,160)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income on investments		1,389	1,389
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,389	1,389
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(214,585)	(214,585)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,068,996	1,068,996
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	854,411	854,411
Reconciliation to the statement of net position: Cash Investments	\$	51,941 802,470	51,941 802,470
	Þ	854,411	854,411
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Change in assets and liabilities:	\$	169,411	169,411
Due from other governments Due from other funds Accrued liabilities		(5,821) 1,236 31,360	(5,821) 1,236 31,360
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	196,186	196,186







(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Authority's overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

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Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Goverment-wide Net Position by Category¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Governmental Activities										
Investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 70,760	\$ 132,977	\$ 216,060	\$ 287,852	\$ 145,931	\$ 182,945	\$ 124,280	\$ 47,955	\$ 24,718	\$ 35,324
Loan programs	35,048,074	37,430,463	36,982,494	32,536,148	33,945,845	32,316,803	31,503,129	33,348,201	31,872,215	36,997,885
Grant programs	3,000,254	2,711,769	4,727,010	4,624,447	4,609,944	4,442,876	4,432,508	4,907,940	5,231,799	5,347,638
Unrestricted	6,915,397	6,105,901	5,332,849	4,149,357	3,297,732	3,272,896	2,920,761	3,286,716	3,492,204	3,324,198
Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 45,034,485	\$ 46,381,110	\$ 47,258,413	\$ 41,597,804	\$ 41,999,452	\$ 40,215,520	\$ 38,980,678	\$ 41,590,812	\$ 40,620,936	\$ 45,705,045
Business-type Activities Restricted for:										
Debt service or loan programs Unrestricted	\$ 1,956,581,173 593,502,445	\$ 1,882,645,322 591,543,622	\$ 1,803,070,372 584,007,781	\$ 1,717,827,489 567,363,335	\$ 1,638,492,840 564,547,340	\$ 1,576,901,260 554,378,003	\$ 1,512,084,168 548,714,476	\$ 1,446,699,238 505,719,565	\$ 1,383,034,270 485,277,904	\$ 1,254,229,701 440,292,302
Subtotal Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 2,550,083,618	\$ 2,474,188,944	\$ 2,387,078,153	\$ 2,285,190,824	\$ 2,203,040,180	\$ 2,131,279,263	\$ 2,060,798,644	\$ 1,952,418,803	\$ 1,868,312,174	\$ 1,694,522,003
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 70,760	\$ 132,977	\$ 216,060	\$ 287,852	\$ 145,931	\$ 182,945	\$ 124,280	\$ 47,955	\$ 24,718	\$ 35,324
Loan programs	35,048,074	37,430,463	36,982,494	32,536,148	33,945,845	32,316,803	31,503,129	33,348,201	31,872,215	36,997,885
Grant programs	3,000,254	2,711,769	4,727,010	4,624,447	4,609,944	4,442,876	4,432,508	4,907,940	5,231,799	5,347,638
Debt service or loan programs	1,956,581,173	1,882,645,322	1,803,070,372	1,717,827,489	1,638,492,840	1,576,901,260	1,512,084,168	1,446,699,238	1,383,034,270	1,254,229,701
Unrestricted	600,417,842	597,649,523	589,340,630	571,512,692	567,845,072	557,650,899	551,635,237	509,006,281	488,770,108	443,616,500
Total Net Position	\$ 2,595,118,103	\$ 2,520,570,054	\$ 2,434,336,566	\$ 2,326,788,628	\$ 2,245,039,632	\$ 2,171,494,783	\$ 2,099,779,322	\$ 1,994,009,615	\$ 1,908,933,110	\$ 1,740,227,048

¹Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted only when (1) an external party, such as the State of Georgia or the federal government, places a restriction on how the resources may be used, or (2) enabling legislation is passed by the Authority.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Goverment-wide Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		2021		-	2020			2019			2018			2017	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹												
Governmental Activities															
General Government	\$ 5,305,547	\$ 9,126,969	\$ 3,821,422	\$ 5,210,778	\$ 12,582,559	\$ 7,371,781	\$ 5,262,199	\$ 11,170,444	\$ 5,908,245	\$ 6,394,339	\$ 10,687,318	\$ 4,292,979	\$ 7,434,445	\$ 14,071,835	\$ 6,637,390
Water and wastewater programs	11,042,170	12,163,229	1,121,059	12,442,827	11,743,383	(699,444)	8,319,314	9,115,332	796,018	8,587,806	8,251,478	(336,328)	8,781,032	7,798,947	(982,085)
Land conservation programs	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,391	61,248	31,857	763	23,009	22,246	747	28,213	27,466
Energy programs ²	10,207,792	10,209,850	2,058	8,166,627	7,780,006	(386,621)	7,585,937	7,609,679	23,742	5,681,449	5,652,636	(28,813)	5,191,460	5,288,821	97,361
Interest on long-term debt ³						- _									
Subtotal Governmental Activities	26,555,509	31,500,048	4,944,539	25,820,232	32,105,948	6,285,716	21,196,841	27,956,703	6,759,862	20,664,357	24,614,441	3,950,084	21,407,684	27,187,816	5,780,132
Business-type Activities															
Water and wastewater programs	12,544,218	12,544,218	-	10,782,265	10,782,265	-	22,094,234	22,094,234	-	12,186,247	12,186,247	-	10,202,019	10,202,019	-
Outdoor stewardship & land conservation4	4,328,655	16,399,960	12,071,305	857	82,063	81,206	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Storage tank maintenance programs	904,241	1,075,539	171,298	732,388	1,099,512	367,124	731,863	1,125,983	394,120	581,179	1,130,014	548,835	613,774	981,211	367,437
General and administrative	230,575	57,505,298	57,274,723	123,799	78,701,257	78,577,458	91,712	99,223,772	99,132,060	323,937	80,815,571	80,491,634	190,514	67,183,829	66,993,315
Subtotal Business-type Activities	18,007,689	87,525,015	69,517,326	11,639,309	90,665,097	79,025,788	22,917,809	122,443,989	99,526,180	13,091,363	94,131,832	81,040,469	11,006,307	78,367,059	67,360,752
Total Governmental and Business-type Activities	\$ 44,563,198	\$ 119,025,063	\$ 74,461,865	\$ 37,459,541	\$ 122,771,045	\$ 85,311,504	\$ 44,114,650	\$ 150,400,692	\$ 106,286,042	\$ 33,755,720	\$ 118,746,273	\$ 84,990,553	\$ 32,413,991	\$ 105,554,875	\$ 73,140,884

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(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Goverment-wide Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		2016 2015				2014			2013			2012			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹	Expenses	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹	Expenses	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹	Expenses	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue	Expenses	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue
Governmental Activities															
General Government	\$ 6,404,371	\$ 14,240,940	\$ 7,836,569	\$ 6,599,857	\$ 11,624,663	\$ 5,024,806	\$ 7,170,623	\$ 13,490,023	\$ 6,319,400	\$ 9,005,073	\$ 14,934,860	\$ 5,929,787	\$ 9,022,959	\$ 19,458,277	\$ 10,435,318
Water and wastewater programs	8,603,578	7,460,396	(1,143,182)	7,074,323	6,013,718	(1,060,605)	6,914,660	6,306,689	(607,971)	8,496,123	5,827,054	(2,669,069)	8,799,184	6,950,325	(1,848,859)
Land conservation programs	10,730	34,203	23,473	61,563	50,765	(10,798)	8,665	54,789	46,124	41,733	39,251	(2,482)	59,061	55,909	(3,152)
Energy programs ²	4,847,120	4,789,765	(57,355)	8,069,083	7,634,157	(434,926)	7,368,927	7,063,716	(305,211)	18,322,583	18,232,444	(90,139)	91,335,755	91,025,543	(310,212)
Interest on long-term debt ³					<u> </u>				<u> </u>	-			78		(78)
Subtotal Governmental Activities	19,865,799	26,525,304	6,659,505	21,804,826	25,323,303	3,518,477	21,462,875	26,915,217	5,452,342	35,865,512	39,033,609	3,168,097	109,217,037	117,490,054	8,273,017
Business-type Activities															
Water and wastewater programs	9,907,354	9,907,354	-	6,561,895	6,561,895	-	5,392,431	5,392,431	-	8,437,183	8,437,183	-	13,768,944	13,768,944	-
Storage tank maintenance programs	594,788	984,480	389,692	528,171	976,237	448,066	591,872	999,046	407,174	800,089	1,000,451	200,362	1,357,477	1,224,663	(132,814)
General and administrative	787,360	65,253,611	64,466,251	379,229	107,530,161	107,150,932	411,274	79,545,992	79,134,718	348,463	165,431,763	165,083,300	697,685	135,757,916	135,060,231
Subtotal Business-type Activities	11,289,502	76,145,445	64,855,943	7,469,295	115,068,293	107,598,998	6,395,577	85,937,469	79,541,892	9,585,735	174,869,397	165,283,662	15,824,106	150,751,523	134,927,417
Total Governmental and Business-type Activities	\$ 31,155,301	\$ 102,670,749	\$ 71,515,448	\$ 29,274,121	\$ 140,391,596	\$ 111,117,475	\$ 27,858,452	\$ 112,852,686	\$ 84,994,234	\$ 45,451,247	\$ 213,903,006	\$ 168,451,759	\$ 125,041,143	\$ 268,241,577	\$ 143,200,434

Notes:

¹The fluctuations in net (expense)/revenue is attributed to variations in interest earnings rate experienced over the past three years, receipt (non-receipt) of contributions from external funders and changes in expense activity levels for supported programs.

²The Authority entered into a computer financing agreement in fiscal year 2008 and thus, incurred interest expense on those leases. Because the governmental funds is based on current resources at the government-wide level, interest expense is reported separately to distinguish that there is a financing agreement (long-term). The lease was bought out in FY 2012.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Goverment-wide General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net (Expense), Total Governmental and Business-type Activities Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 4,944,539 69,517,326	\$ 6,285,716 79,025,788	\$ 6,759,862 99,526,180	\$ 3,950,084 81,040,469	\$ 5,780,132 67,360,752	\$ 6,659,505 64,855,943	\$ 3,518,477 107,598,998	\$ 5,452,342 79,541,892	\$ 3,168,097 165,283,662	\$ 8,273,017 134,927,417
Total Governmental and Business-type Activities	74,461,865	85,311,504	106,286,042	84,990,553	73,140,884	71,515,448	111,117,475	84,994,234	168,451,759	143,200,434
General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental Activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous	71,435 14,749	799,364 122,270	1,138,063 122,086	608,836 114,624	256,976 60,451	123,269 18,533	68,853 3,862	54,419 12,768	65,912 26,621	68,914 32,922
Transfers to business-type activities ¹	(6,377,348)	(8,084,653)	(2,359,402)	(1,106,700)	(4,313,627)	(5,566,465)	(758,474)	(4,549,653)	(8,344,739)	(12,774,656)
Subtotal Governmental Activities	(6,291,164)	(7,163,019)	(1,099,253)	(383,240)	(3,996,200)	(5,424,663)	(685,759)	(4,482,466)	(8,252,206)	(12,672,820)
Business-type Activities: Miscellaneous		350	1.747	3.475	86,538	58,211	22,369	15,084	161,770	363,722
Transfers from governmental activities	6,377,348	8,084,653	2,359,402	1,106,700	4,313,627	5,566,465	758,474	4,549,653	8,344,739	12,774,656
Subtotal Business-type Activities	6,377,348	8,085,003	2,361,149	1,110,175	4,400,165	5,624,676	780,843	4,564,737	8,506,509	13,138,378
Changes in Net Position	(,									,
Governmental activities Business-type activities	(1,346,625) 75,894,674	(877,303) 87,110,791	5,660,609 101,887,329	3,566,844 82,150,644	1,783,932 71,760,917	1,234,842 70,480,619	2,832,718 108,379,841	969,876 84,106,629	(5,084,109) 173,790,171	(4,399,803) 148,065,795
Total Changes in Net Position	\$ 74,548,049	\$ 86,233,488	\$ 107,547,938	\$ 85,717,488	\$ 73,544,849	\$ 71,715,461	\$ 111,212,559	\$ 85,076,505	\$ 168,706,062	\$ 143,665,992

¹Transfers to business-type activities is highly driven by activity of construction loan projects. Therefore, on a year-to-year basis fluctuations in amounts may occur.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General Fund	<u>, </u>									
Restricted for loan programs	\$ 5,152,064	\$ 10,722,800	\$ 11,509,489	\$ 5,118,559	\$ 7,115,935	\$ 5,833,708	\$ 5,083,096	\$ 4,915,251	\$ 4,372,360	\$ 8,927,355
Restricted for grant programs	286,427	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,445	100,000
Unassigned	12,434,209	12,434,209	12,434,209	12,434,209	8,434,209	8,434,209	8,434,208	3,851,778	3,851,778	3,828,466
Total general fund balance	\$ 17,872,700	\$ 23,157,009	\$ 23,943,698	\$ 17,552,768	\$ 15,550,144	\$ 14,267,917	\$ 13,517,304	\$ 8,767,029	\$ 8,249,583	\$ 12,855,821
Weatherization Assistance Program Fund										
Restricted for grant programs ¹	\$ 12,510	\$ 12,510	\$ 43,278	\$ 68,807	\$ 123,942	\$ 1,727	\$ 1,680	\$ 1,680	\$ -	\$ -
Total weatherization assistance program fund balance	\$ 12,510	\$ 12,510	\$ 43,278	\$ 68,807	\$ 123,942	\$ 1,727	\$ 1,680	\$ 1,680	\$ -	\$ -
Clean Water SRF Administration Fund										
Restricted for loan programs	\$ 24,972,587	\$ 22,988,965	\$ 21,993,649	\$ 24,722,400	\$ 23,066,886	\$ 22,868,087	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total clean water SRF administration fund balance	\$ 24,972,587	\$ 22,988,965	\$ 21,993,649	\$ 24,722,400	\$ 23,066,886	\$ 22,868,087	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Drinking Water SRF Administration Fund										
Restricted for loan programs	\$ 4,923,423	\$ 3.718.698	\$ 3,479,356	\$ 2,695,189	\$ 3.763.024	\$ 3,615,008	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total drinking water SRF administration fund balance	\$ 4,923,423	\$ 3,718,698	\$ 3,479,356	\$ 2,695,189	\$ 3,763,024	\$ 3,615,008	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nonmajor Governmental Funds										
Restricted for loan programs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,420,033	\$ 28,432,950	\$ 27,499,855	\$ 28,070,530
Restricted for grant programs	2,701,317	2,699,259	4,683,732	4,555,640	4,486,002	4,441,149	4,430,828	4,906,260	5,206,354	5,247,638
Total nonmajor governmental fund balance	\$ 2,701,317	\$ 2,699,259	\$ 4,683,732	\$ 4,555,640	\$ 4,486,002	\$ 4,441,149	\$ 30,850,861	\$ 33,339,210	\$ 32,706,209	\$ 33,318,168
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 50,482,537	\$ 52,576,441	\$ 54,143,713	\$ 49,594,804	\$ 46,989,998	\$ 45,193,888	\$ 44,369,845	\$ 42,107,919	\$ 40,955,792	\$ 46,173,989

¹The Weatherization Assistance Fund, a major fund, did not have amounts reported as fund balance for years prior to 2014. This fund is typically an expenditure-driven fund and expenses typically equal revenues. The amount reported here will likely be consumed by additional expenditures, returning fund deficit to zero in the near future.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Revenues							•			•
State of Georgia appropriations	\$ 1,679,922	\$ 809,755	\$ 788,495	\$ 788,495	\$ 838,495	\$ 983,495	\$ 348,495	\$ 298,495	\$ -	\$ 283,495
State general obligation bond proceeds ²	5,100,000	9,500,000	8,000,000	8,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	8,600,000	9,200,000	9,600,000	12,000,000
Administrative fees	4,370,649	1,667,208	2,537,389	2,364,541	1,107,133	1,569,471	1,084,666	1,457,644	591,955	1,529,171
Grant revenues	20,346,304	20,084,124	16,502,894	13,399,323	15,196,649	13,929,568	15,233,946	15,898,923	28,794,201	103,618,950
Public donations	-	-	61,248	23,009	28,213	34,203	50,765	54,789	39,251	55,909
Interest income on investments	74,608	844,225	1,204,740	647,909	274,302	131,836	74,284	59,785	74,114	71,443
Miscellaneous	14,749	122,270	122,086	114,624	60,451	18,533	3,862	12,768	26,621	32,922
Total revenues	\$ 31,586,232	\$ 33,027,582	\$ 29,216,852	\$ 25,337,901	\$ 27,505,243	\$ 26,667,106	\$ 25,396,018	\$ 26,982,404	\$ 39,126,142	\$ 117,591,890
Expenditures										
General government	\$ 6,052,826	\$ 5,900,747	\$ 6,348,489	\$ 7,147,461	\$ 7,411,914	\$ 6,718,395	\$ 7,070,616	\$ 6,955,294	\$ 9,139,161	\$ 9,055,630
Water and wastewater programs	11,042,170	12,442,827	8,319,314	8,587,806	8,781,032	8,603,578	7,074,323	6,914,660	8,496,123	8,799,184
Land conservation programs	-	-	29,391	763	747	10,730	61,563	8,665	41,733	59,061
Energy programs ³	10,207,792	8,166,627	7,585,937	5,681,449	5,191,460	4,847,120	8,069,083	7,368,927	18,322,583	91,335,755
Capital outlay, general government	· · ·	-	25,410	208,916	10,353	96,775	100,033	33,078	-	, , , <u>-</u>
Debt Service:										
Principal reductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,978
Interest on long-term debt							-			78
Total expenditures	27,302,788	26,510,201	22,308,541	21,626,395	21,395,506	20,276,598	22,375,618	21,280,624	35,999,600	109,256,686
Excess of revenues over expenditures	4,283,444	6,517,381	6,908,311	3,711,506	6,109,737	6,390,508	3,020,400	5,701,780	3,126,542	8,335,204
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in ⁴	\$ 4,876,976	\$ 5,288,131	\$ 9,180,040	\$ 10,208,556	\$ 5,328,291	\$ 4,482,282	\$ 10,362,126	\$ 4,516,124	\$ 5,921,622	\$ 3,721,382
Transfers out ⁴	(11,254,324)	(13,352,784)	(11,539,442)	(11,315,256)	(9,641,918)	(10,048,747)	(11,120,600)	(9,065,777)	(14,266,361)	(16,496,038)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,377,348)	(8,064,653)	(2,359,402)	(1,106,700)	(4,313,627)	(5,566,465)	(758,474)	(4,549,653)	(8,344,739)	(12,774,656)
Net change in fund balances ⁵	\$ (2,093,904)	\$ (1,547,272)	\$ 4,548,909	\$ 2,604,806	\$ 1,796,110	\$ 824,043	\$ 2,261,926	\$ 1,152,127	\$ (5,218,197)	\$ (4,439,452)

¹The Authority has no bond debt outstanding within the governmental funds and thus no debt service calculations as a percentage of noncapital expenditures.

²Prior to fiscal year 2012, The Authority previously reported these amounts as capital contributions. However, consistent with accounting guidelines, these amounts are now reported as operating grants because they are not used to construct or obtain capital assets for the Authority.

³A significant increase in expenditures within Energy programs is explained by ongoing administration of programs associated with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) for fiscal years 2012 through 2013.

⁴Transfers-in and out are based on activity experienced within the match loan programs. Fluctuations are based on activity on a year-to-year basis.

⁵Fluctuations may occur year-to-year with net change in fund balance primarily due to loan program demand to match the federal loan programs. Monies are deposited into the general fund and held until the funds are needed to fund project disbursements. In addition, the level of funding provided by the State of Georgia for this same purpose may vary depending upon approved legislation for the respective fiscal period and receipt of those monies.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Government-wide Program Revenues¹ by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Governmental Activities										
Charges for Services	\$ 4,370,649	\$ 1,667,208	\$ 2,537,389	\$ 2,364,541	\$ 1,107,133	\$ 1,569,471	\$ 1,084,666	\$ 1,457,644	\$ 591,955	\$ 1,529,171
Operating Grants and Contributions ²	27,129,399	30,438,740	25,419,314	22,249,900	26,080,683	24,955,833	24,238,637	25,457,573	38,441,654	115,960,883
Subtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues	31,500,048	32,105,948	27,956,703	24,614,441	27,187,816	26,525,304	25,323,303	26,915,217	39,033,609	117,490,054
Business-type Activities										
Charges for Services	20,953,642	28,187,827	30,130,879	30,289,832	30,813,230	32,743,403	34,437,124	36,517,062	69,972,715	38,459,360
Operating Grants and Contributions	66,571,373	62,477,270	92,313,110	63,842,000	47,553,829	43,402,042	80,631,169	49,420,407	104,896,682	112,292,163
Capital Grants and Contributions ³		-								
Subtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues	87,525,015	90,665,097	122,443,989	94,131,832	78,367,059	76,145,445	115,068,293	85,937,469	174,869,397	150,751,523
Governmental and Business-type Activities										
Charges for Services	25,324,291	29,855,035	32,668,268	32,654,373	31,920,363	34,312,874	35,521,790	37,974,706	70,564,670	39,988,531
Operating Grants and Contributions	93,700,772	92,916,010	117,732,424	86,091,900	73,634,512	68,357,875	104,869,806	74,877,980	143,338,336	228,253,046
Capital Grants and Contributions ³										
Total Governmental and Business-type Activities Program Revenues	\$ 119,025,063	\$ 122,771,045	\$ 150,400,692	\$ 118,746,273	\$ 105,554,875	\$ 102,670,749	\$ 140,391,596	\$ 112,852,686	\$ 213,903,006	\$ 268,241,577

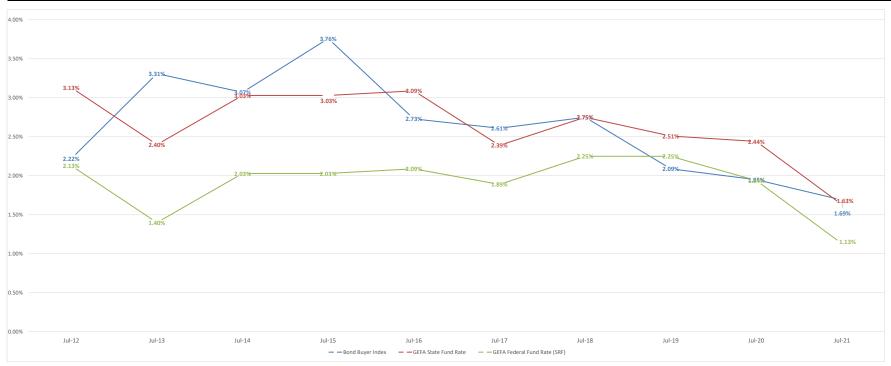
¹ Program revenues are related to specific activities of the Authority. Their sources are either fees, interest earnings, charges for services or grants/intergovernmental revenues restricted to a specific purpose.

² In FY 2012 through 2013, a significant increase in operating grants and contributions was due to increased expenditure-driven programs associated with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

³In fiscal year 2012, these amounts are reported as operating grants because they are not used to construct or obtain capital assets for the Authority.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Annual Loan Program Interest Rate History Last Ten Fiscal Years



	Georgia Fund Loan	Program	Bone	d Buyer Index		SRF Rate and Fee History			
Date	Interest Rate (%)	Closing Fee (%) ²	Year	Interest Rate (%)	Date	Interest Rate (%)	Closing Fee (%)		
06/2021	1.63	1.00	06/2021	1.69	06/2021	1.13	1.00		
06/2020	2.44	1.00	06/2020	1.95	06/2020	1.94	1.00		
06/2019	2.09	1.00	06/2019	2.51	06/2019	2.25	1.00		
06/2018	3 2.75	1.00	06/2018	2.75	06/2018	2.25	1.00		
06/2017	2.39	1.00	06/2017	2.61	06/2017	1.89	1.00		
06/2016	3.09	1.00	06/2016	2.73	06/2016	2.09	1.00		
06/2015	3.03	1.00	06/2015	3.76	06/2015	2.03	1.00		
06/2014	3.03	1.00	06/2014	3.07	06/2014	2.03	1.00		
06/2013	3 2.40	1.00	06/2013	3.31	06/2013	1.40	1.00		
06/2012	2 3.13	1.00	06/2012	2.22	06/2012	2.13	1.00		

Sources:

The Authority's Water Resources Division and the Bond Buyer and Federal Reserve at: www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h15/data.htm

Note:

¹State fund loan rates are established at each state bond sale date.

²The closing fee was established to assist the Georgia Fund in offsetting certain general and administrative expenses associated with program management, as well as other costs associated with originating, processing, underwriting and servicing loans for that program.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Principal Loans Receivable Payers Fiscal Year 2021 and Nine Years Prior (2012)

	_		2021			2012	
BORROWER		PRINCIPAL BALANCE OUTSTANDING	RANK	% OF TOTAL PRINCIPAL BALANCE OUTSTANDING	PRINCIPAL BALANCE OUTSTANDING	RANK	% OF TOTAL PRINCIPAL BALANCE OUTSTANDING
ATLANTA	\$	181,207,743	1	12.11% \$	146,233,375	2	11.13%
CLAYTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY		29,729,612	10	1.99%	-	-	-
COBB COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS		98,410,358	2	6.58%	165,049,589	1	12.56%
COLUMBUS WATER WORKS		-	-	-	50,163,119	6	3.82%
DALLAS		30,512,428	8	2.04%	-	-	-
EFFINGHAM COUNTY		-	-	-	27,683,670	10	2.11%
GAINESVILLE		-	-	-	102,658,707	4	7.81%
GRIFFIN		43,070,891	4	2.88%	-	-	-
GWINNETT COUNTY		29,835,605	9	1.99%	53,925,443	5	4.10%
HALL COUNTY		-	-	-	32,838,480	8	2.50%
HENRY COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY		35,687,708	5	2.38%	131,800,367	3	10.03%
HINESVILLE		33,336,455	7	2.23%	-	-	-
SAVANNAH		-	-	-	30,416,249	9	2.31%
PAULDING COUNTY		68,522,829	3	4.58%	-	-	-
VALDOSTA		34,513,508	6	2.31%	44,950,177	7	3.42%
TOTAL PRINCIPAL PAYERS	\$	584,827,136		39.08% \$	785,719,176		59.80%
ALL OTHER PAYERS		911,798,051		60.92%	528,276,875		40.20%
TOTAL PAYERS	\$	1,496,625,187		100.00% \$	1,313,996,051		100.00%

Source:

The Authority's Fiscal Services Division.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Interest Revenue by Fund¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years²

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2021 ⁴	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Georgia Fund	\$ 4,472,501	\$ 6,462,077	\$ 6,979,921	\$ 6,900,559	\$ 7,612,073	\$ 8,602,541	\$ 8,084,771	\$ 8,289,718	\$ 9,124,014	\$ 8,961,789
Georgia Reservoir Fund	875,199	634,560	319,129	178,179	130,726	128,533	70,476	41,756	26,753	55,817
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	10,660,458	14,567,989	16,042,224	16,109,771	16,252,646	16,832,178	18,436,384	20,032,718	22,380,926	23,052,731
Clean Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund ²	1,236,926	2,138,675	2,498,469	2,634,478	2,803,616	2,992,291	3,286,294	3,494,824	28,340,158	1,809,702
Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund	1,972,474	2,542,040	2,516,341	2,362,872	2,241,651	2,171,464	2,187,499	2,113,821	3,053,806	3,003,892
Drinking Water State Match Fund ³	413,424	550,442	567,220	565,433	622,967	726,294	795,366	778,140	5,278,657	311,768
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Operating Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	368,460
Total interest revenue	\$ 19,630,982	\$ 26,895,783	\$ 28,923,304	\$ 28,751,292	\$ 29,663,679	\$ 31,453,301	\$ 32,860,790	\$ 34,750,977	\$ 68,204,314	\$ 37,564,159

Source:

The Authority's Fiscal Services Division.

Notes:

¹Interest revenues are derived from charges for services relative to specific activities of the Authority. Their source is interest income on loan receivables.

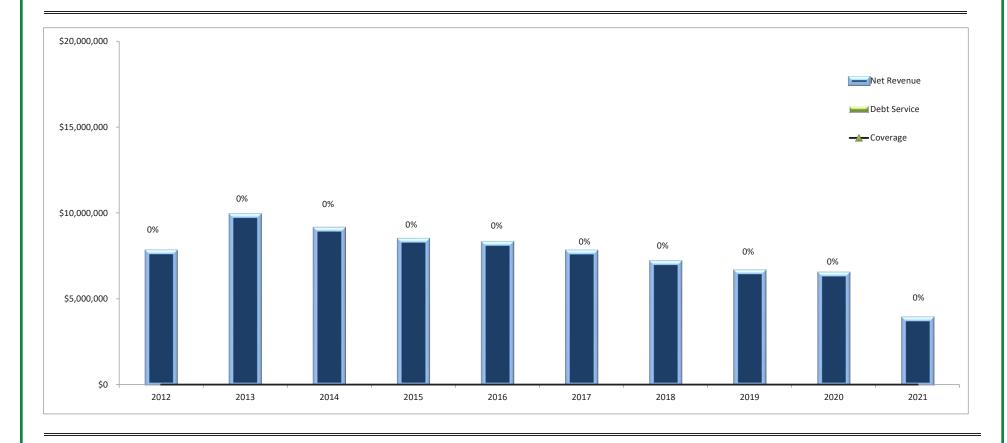
²The Authority had deferred revenue until FY 2012 for the Clean Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund until federal match eligibility criteria has been satisfied.

³The Authority deferred revenue until FY 2012 for the Drinking Water State Match Revolving Loan Fund until federal match eligibility criteria has been satisfied.

⁴The Authority offered a six-month forbearance period to participating borrowers due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore, interest revenue experienced a significant decrease in FY 2021.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years



10-year trend	<u>2012</u>	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Net Revenue	\$7,718,123	\$9,826,345	\$9,032,663	\$8,394,369	\$8,212,945	\$7,710,421	\$7,095,954	\$6,563,253	\$6,432,246	\$3,834,266
Debt Service	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Coverage	N/A									

(continued)

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

NET REVENUE AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

FISCAL YEAR	GROSS REVENUE	OPERATING EXPENSES	AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE	PRINCIPAL	<u>INTEREST</u>	TOTAL	COVERAGE	OUTSTANDING <u>DEBT</u>
2021	\$4,721,011	\$886,745	\$3,834,266	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2020	\$6,674,969	\$242,723	\$6,432,246	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2019	\$7,085,221	\$521,968	\$6,563,253	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2018	\$7,324,549	\$228,595	\$7,095,954	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2017	\$7,797,172	\$86,751	\$7,710,421	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2016	\$8,929,377	\$716,432	\$8,212,945	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2015	\$8,706,259	\$311,890	\$8,394,369	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2014	\$9,365,501	\$332,838	\$9,032,663	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2013	\$10,127,628	\$301,283	\$9,826,345	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2012	\$9,377,023	\$1,658,901	\$7,718,122	-	-	-	0.00%	-

Source:

The Authority's Fiscal Services Division.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Demand by Program¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Year</u>	State of Georgia Population	Estimated Population Impacted	Number of Jurisdictions	Number of Projects	Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund ²	Percent of Total	Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund ²	Percent of Total	Georgia Fund	Percent of Total	Land Conservation	Percent of Total	State Reservoir Fund	Percent of Total	ARC Fund	Percent of Total	Totals
2021	10,830,007	3,037,855	84	118	275,290,600	57.30%	174,093,550	36.24%	26,851,005	5.59%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	4,200,000	0.87%	480,435,155
2020	10,736,100	1,006,000	60	85	93,436,000	48.82%	74,459,800	38.90%	21,871,400	11.43%	1,325,000	0.69%	-	0.00%	300,000	0.16%	191,392,200
2019	10,627,767	1,816,835	70	84	164,070,900	60.35%	89,668,000	32.98%	12,330,000	4.54%	28,600	0.01%	500,000	0.18%	5,282,159	1.94%	271,879,659
2018	10,545,138	1,194,103	72	87	169,772,100	54.92%	50,205,000	16.24%	52,399,000	16.95%	16,477,000	5.33%	20,000,000	6.47%	300,000	0.09%	309,153,100
2017	10,429,379	752,328	74	75	54,896,370	42.66%	49,960,883	38.82%	16,933,851	13.16%	5,700,000	4.43%	-	0.00%	1,200,000	0.93%	128,691,104
2016	10,310,371	778,827	78	75	113,747,904	50.38%	22,803,361	10.10%	30,997,414	13.73%	21,892,562	9.70%	36,352,250	16.09%	-	0.00%	225,793,491
2015	10,214,860	824,474	75	80	50,696,415	26.05%	33,062,647	16.99%	73,798,585	37.92%	25,061,092	12.88%	12,000,000	6.16%	-	0.00%	194,618,739
2014	10,097,343	1,438,359	45	57	116,107,253	47.38%	29,657,680	12.10%	91,109,912	37.18%	8,201	0.00%	8,148,100	3.34%	-	0.00%	245,031,146
2013	10,038,171	461,117	49	59	30,746,147	16.23%	38,031,076	20.08%	80,674,911	42.60%	4,200,000	2.22%	35,737,466	18.87%	-	0.00%	189,389,600
2012	9,919,945	1,685,775	35	37	92,907,041	73.87%	14,498,683	11.53%	18,371,394	14.60%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	125,777,118



Source:

The Authority's Fiscal Services Division and Environment Departments. State of Georgia Population obtained from the State of Georgia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at: https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

Notes:

¹GEFA is a component unit of the state of Georgia and does not have statutory taxing authority. Therefore, the demographic and economic information contained in the Authority's financial report does not encompass statistical data regarding the geographical area it serves; this information is contained in the State of Georgia's Annual Comprehensive Financial report at: www.audits.state.ga.us.

²Amounts presented include twenty percent allocated to their respective matching loan programs. Includes Land Conservation loans.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Full-time Equivalent State Authority Employees by Identifiable Activity Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30 Governmental activities: **Executive Administration** 3.5 3.5 3.5 **Energy programs** Fuel storage tank and alternative fuels programs Information technology 0.5 1.5 2.5 Accounting support 3.5 3.5 Other administrative support 19.5 22.5 Total FTE - Governmental Activities **Business-type activities:** Waste and wastewater programs Accounting and finance support 5.5 5.5 13.5 13.5 Total FTE - Business Type Activities

Sources:

Totals

The Authority's Human Resources and Fiscal Services Divisions.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Operating Indicators by Function¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Energy programs										
Clients served ³	1,321	1,197	1,069	745	1,309	1,170	1,420	2,339	2,741	13,072
Homes weatherized ³	772	683	643	458	752	814	1,358	1,537	2,027	5,381
Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) reductions (tons) ²	2,046	1,810	1,698	1,214	49,892	851	1,420	974	2,027	5,381
Energy saved (million BTU) ³	22,619	20,832	19,551	13,969	22,936	24,827	41,419	17,321	61,824	164,120
Loan activities										
Jobs created ⁴										
Construction	23,326	9,569	8,048	15,460	6,375	11,290	9,730	12,255	9,469	6,289
Permanent	12,129	4,976	4,185	8,039	3,315	5,871	5,060	6,373	3,788	2,516
Private wells eliminated	-	-	6,025	946	284	59	460	125	31	100
Sewer lines (linear feet):										
Added	126,175	79,060	121,840	56,400	95,544	5,200	139,800	72,746	22,900	18,253
Upgraded	772,903	90,100	68,600	105,761	83,694	100,000	39,268	62,646	18,400	5,000
Septic tanks removed	-	32	5	185	121	15	111	264	2	527
New customers added	29,573	10,057	114,370	2,313	906	101	1,578	15,423	13,073	17,534

Sources:

The Authority's Energy and Water Resources Divisions.

Notes:

³In 2010, production numbers significantly decreased in the Energy program due to a couple factors. First, increased production requirements associated with the American Reinvestment and Recovery Act (ARRA) caused a suspension with the non-ARRA contract to address production work issues. Secondly, the contract year typically begin in April. There was no intergovernmental agreement with one of our funding agencies until June 2010, which resulted in lowered production numbers for the last three months of the fiscal year. Energy savings continued to rise in FY 2011, due to increased efficiency measures provided by or estimated because of the investments made with ARRA funds.. By FY 2012, funding under ARRA for Weatherization ended.

¹Information presented is based on estimates.

²Per U. S. Department of Energy guidance, carbon dioxide emissions are reduced by an average of one metric ton per weatherized home.

⁴Jobs created for construction & permanent were derived from formula used by Water Resources Division which is listed below: Number of construction jobs and number permanent jobs per \$1B in lending.

Total loan executions per fiscal year/\$1 billion = multiplier
multiplier * total construction jobs = number of construction jobs
multiplier * total permanent jobs= number of permanent jobs

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General government										
Capital lease obligations ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer equipment ²	6	12	12	10	6	5	3	7	3	17
Furniture and Fixtures	1	5	5	5	4	4	3	-	-	-

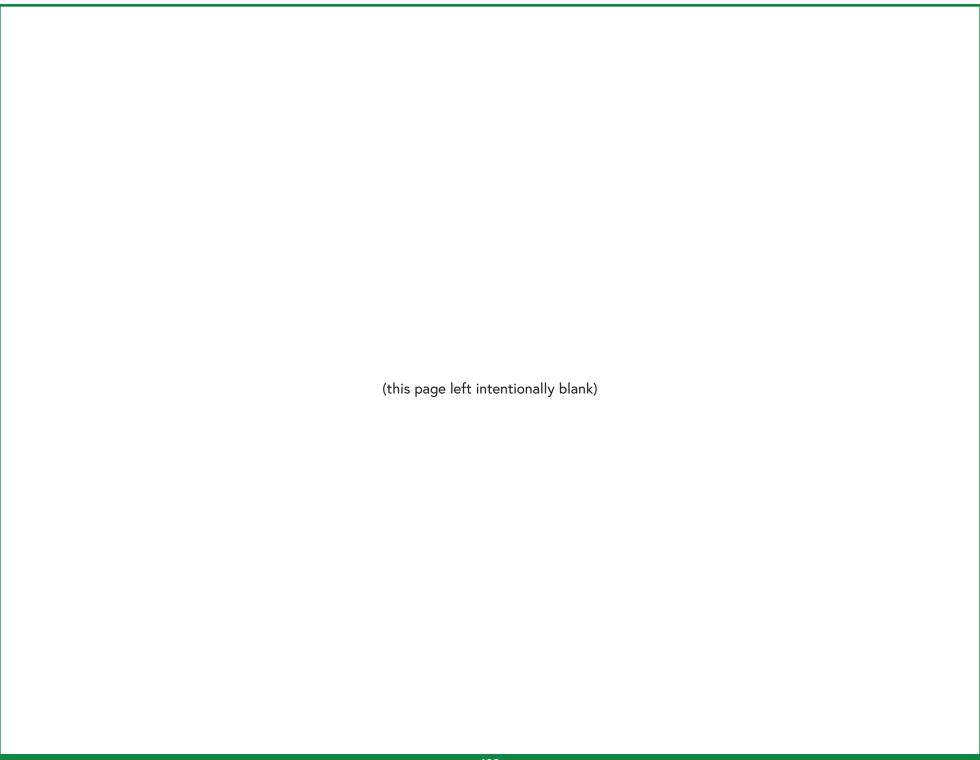
Source:

The Authority's Fiscal Services and Information Technology Divisions.

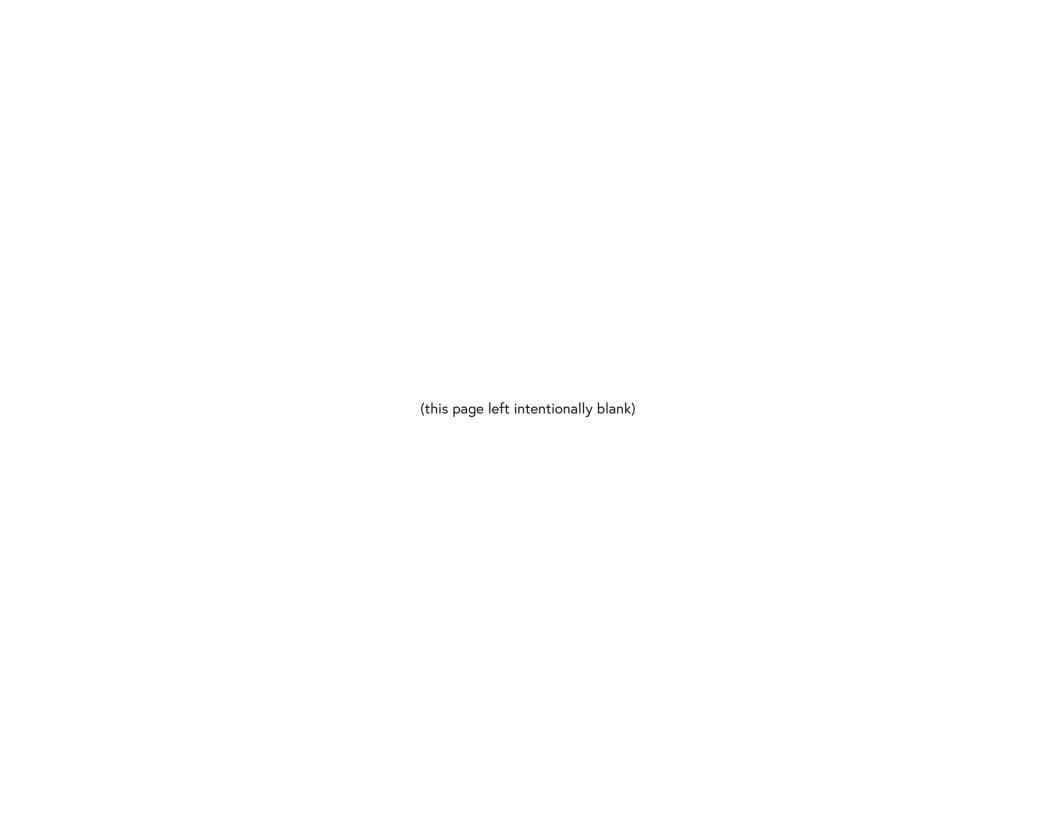
Notes:

terminals were deemed outdated or required replacement. The decision to lease staff computer terminals versus purchasing was made to help keep infrastructure more current, in that machines can be replaced every three years without the need to go through the standardized procurement process; to facilitate standardization efforts, which lowers support costs; and to provide an effective disposal strategy for used equipment.

²The Authority chose the option to purchase the 15 computers on the capital leases in 2012, as well as two additional computers.







GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Program Title	CFDA number Con		Federal expenditures	Amount provided to subrecipients	Amount provided for administration
U.S. Appalachian Regional Commission:					
Direct programs:					
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC15C17586	\$ 43,680	43,680	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC16C18520	135,370	135,370	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC17C18869	375,646	375,646	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC17C19033	311,692	311,692	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC18C19154	112,177	112,177	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC18C19314	177,006	177,006	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC18C19325	325,764	325,764	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC18C19326	21,242	21,242	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC18C19327	80,847	80,847	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC18C19328	227,312	227,312	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC19C19501	35,616	35,616	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC19C19733	233,429	233,429	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	ARC19C19759	111,287	111,287	_
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	GA-18010-C3	4,223	_	4,223
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	GA-18010-C4	37,075	_	37,075
Total U.S. Appalachian Regional Commission			2,232,366	2,191,068	41,298
U.S. Department of Energy:					
Direct programs:					
State Energy Program	81.041	EE0008285	909,407	476,092	433,315
Total State Energy Program			909,407	476,092	433,315
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons	81.042	EE0007913	4,428,624	3,972,934	455,690
Total Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons			4,428,624	3,972,934	455,690
Total U.S. Department of Energy			5,338,031	4,449,026	889,005
rotal old. Department of Energy			3,330,031	7,770,020	000,000

(continued)

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Program Title	CFDA number	Pass-through Award/ Contract Number	Federal expenditures	Amount provided to subrecipients	Amount provided for administration
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Pass-through programs - State of Georgia Department of Human Resources:					
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program	93.568	DHS-42700-040-0000088034	1,349,297	1,288,370	60,927
CARES-Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program	93.568	DHS-42700-040-0000095984	1,545,357	1,463,919	81,438
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program	93.568	DHS-42700-040-0000096743	3,207,455	3,005,362	202,093
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			6,102,109	5,757,651	344,458
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:					
Direct programs: State Revolving Funds (Clean Water)	66.458	CS13000120	26,869,000	26,869,000	_
ASADRA-State Revolving Funds (Clean Water)	66.458	SS-01D17720	696,272	696,272	_
Total State Revolving Funds (Clean Water)			27,565,272	27,565,272	
State Revolving Funds (Drinking Water)	66.468	FS98409918	1,968,683	1,968,683	_
State Revolving Funds (Drinking Water)	66.468	FS98409919	3,760,799	3,760,799	_
State Revolving Funds (Drinking Water)	66.468	FS98409920	18,941,308	17,903,428	1,037,880
ASADRA-State Revolving Funds (Drinking Water)	66.468	SI-01D17920	77,283	77,283	_
Total State Revolving Funds (Drinking Water)			24,748,073	23,710,193	1,037,880
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			52,313,345	51,275,465	1,037,880
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 65,985,851	63,673,210	2,312,641

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards.

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

June 30, 2021

(1) General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all Federal financial assistance programs of the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (the Authority). The Authority also receives a significant amount of pass-through financial assistance from the Georgia Department of Human Services.

(2) Reporting Entity

The authoritative criteria for determining the programs, organizations, and functions of government included in the financial statements of the Authority are as follows: oversight responsibility, including selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations; accountability for fiscal matters, including budget, surplus/deficit, debt, fiscal management, and revenue characteristics; scope of public services; and special financing relationships.

Based on above criteria, the Appalachian Area Development, the State Energy Conservation Program, the Weatherization Assistance for Low-income Persons, Low-Income Home Energy Assistance, and State Revolving Funds are included in the Authority's reporting entity.

(3) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, Subpart F. Due to differences in the recording of loan disbursements between the requirements, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

(4) Indirect Cost

The Authority had an approved indirect cost rate negotiated for fiscal years 2017 through 2021 by its cognizant agency, U. S. EPA, on January 9, 2017. The approved rate is 117.17 percent on the basis of total direct salaries, wages and fringe benefits,

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

June 30, 2021

including vacation, holiday and sick leave. To achieve equity across all federal programs and other programs charged, the Authority's applied indirect cost rate is 75 percent due to limitations on the availability of administrative funds in certain programs. During the year, the Authority had \$1,155,773 in indirect cost recoveries from administered federal programs.

(5) Loans Receivable

On June 30, 2021, the Authority had \$774,937,048 in loans receivable outstanding, which were originally funded by the State Revolving Funds (Clean Water) Program and \$213,082,057 in loans receivable outstanding, which were originally funded by the State Revolving Funds (Drinking Water) Program. These loans are not considered to have significant subsequent compliance responsibilities. Both amounts are inclusive of original funding under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) and subsequently transferred to their respective base federal program. In addition, the Authority was awarded the Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Act, 2019 (ASADRA) for these programs and their balances are included, respectively.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Members of the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority Atlanta, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Georgia Environmental Finance Authority** (the "Authority"), a component unit of the State of Georgia, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia September 23, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Members of the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority Atlanta, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the **Georgia Environmental Finance Authority's** (the "Authority"), a component unit of the State of Georgia, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia September 23, 2021

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financia statements audited were prepared in accordance with	
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesX_ no
Federal Awards	
Internal Control over major federal programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	yesX_ no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	
major federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to	
be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200	
Section 516(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (Continued)

Identification of major federal pr	ograms:						
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster						
66.458	State Revolving Funds (Clean Water Cluster)						
66.468	State Revolving Funds (Drinking Water Cluster)						
93.568	Low – Income Home Energy Assistance Program						
Dollar threshold used to distingu							
Type A and Type B programs:	\$1,979,576						
Auditee qualified as low-risk aud	ditee? no						
	SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES						
None reported.							
	SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS						
None reported.							

(A Component Unit of the State of Georgia)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

None reported.